FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

VOL. XVII.] FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. TUESDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 21, 1834. [NO. 907.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED, WEEKLY,
By Edward J. Hale,
$2 50 per annum, if paid in advance; $3 if paid during the year of subscription; or $3 50 at the end of the year.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted for sixty cents a square for the first, & thirty cents for each succeeding publication. Advertisers are requested to state the number of insertions desired, or they will be continued till forbid, and charged accordingly.

Letters to the Editor must be post paid.

NEW GOODS.

THE Subscribers having just received from N. York, their Fall and Winter supply, are now opening at their Store, two doors East of the Lafayette Hotel, a new and splendid assortment of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
—AMONG WHICH ARE—

pieces fancy PRINTS,
do Merino Circassians,
do levantine, satin Levantine, Gros-de-Swiss, Gros de-Naps, Sinchews, Sarsnett, and Lustring Silks,
do Broad Cloths,
do Satinetts,
do fancy do.
do Flannels,
do apron Checks,
do Pongee Hdkff's, 30 and 32 inch,
doz. Cotton ditto,
do Gauze and fancy ditto,
do Prussian Shawls,
do Ladies' Capes,
do corded Skirts,
do cotton and worsted Hose,
do Suspenders,
do Rasors,
do Straps,
do shaving Soap,
do fancy do.
do shaving Brushes,
do tuck Combs,
do side do.
do dressing do.
do Ivory do.
do Lucifer Matches,
do Essence Peppermint,
do Cinnamon,
do Opodeldoc,
do Cologne,
do Lavender,
do pen and pocket Knives,
do Knives and Forks,
gross Britannia table and tea Spoons,
do Knitting Pins,
M. Henning & Sons' Needles,
cases Tuscan Bonnets,
do Dunstable do.
do Leghorn do.
do green Calashes,
pair men's and boy's Brogan Shoes,
do ladies' Morocco ditto,
do do Prunelle ditto,
do silver Spectacles,
Irish and English Merino Cloths,
Cazetts, of various colors, Bobb Lace;
Cambrics, Book, Swiss, barred and printed Muslins;
Cravats, Stocks; Collars; Linens; Ginghams;
Cords; Merino Cassimeres; Coat, and Vest do;
Pearl Shirt Butoons; Scissors; Shears;
Gilt and silver Thimbles; pocket Ink Stands; silver pencil Cases; shaving Boxes; Gloves; watch Safe chains; Hooks and Eyes; with many other articles too numerous to mention, which they will sell at wholesale or retail, at the *lowest* cash prices.

N. & H P. PECK.

Fayetteville, October 14, 1834. 6tf.

NEW AND CHEAP GOODS.

THE Subscriber having just received his FALL and WINTER supply of

Dry Goods and Groceries,

would invite the public generally to call and examine his Stock, among which are the following articles, viz:—

St. Croix, Porto Rico and N. O. Sugars,
Rio and Laguira Coffee,
Liverpool and Turks Island Salt,
Bun sacks,
Bars and English Iron, assorted,
Hoop and rod Iron,
Cast and German Steel,
Rush and American blister, do.
Hand's Mill Saws,
Pannel and German Saws;
Collins & King's cast steel Axes,
Mortiser's cast steel Drawing Knives,
Spades and Shovels, assorted,
Kegs, Nails and Wagon Boxes,
Rope, Rope and Twine,
Ginger, Spice and Ginger,
Pepper, Nutmegs, &c.
Gunpowder, Lead, &c. &c. &c.,
Together with a general and well selected assortment of

Dry Goods,
Crockery, Hardware,
HATS and SHOES,

Tedious to enumerate. All of which will be sold low for Cash or Country Produce.

N. McKINNON.

Fayetteville, October 13, 1834. 6-3m.

Grocery & Commission Store.

WILLKINGS & CO.

Offer for *sale for approved Notes at three months,*

THHDS. Bright Retailing MOLASSES,
45 do. prime Porto Rico and St. Croix Sugars,
120 bags Laguira, Rio and Cuba Coffee,
15 do Ginger, Pepper and Spice,
20 bbls. green Copperas,
10 crates assorted Crockery.
17 do loaf Sugar,
5 do Salts,
8 kegs of bar Lead,
10 qr. casks sweet Malaga Wine.

October 14, 1834. 6tf.

Calicoes.

5 Cases CALICOES, just received by
N. & H. P. PECK.
October 14. 6tf.

Cases PONGEES, just received by
N. & H. P. PECK.
October 14. 6tf.

PLANTER'S HOTEL.
Fayetteville N. Carolina.

THE SUBSCRIBER has opened a House for the reception of Travellers and Boarders, known by the name of THE PLANTER'S HOTEL, and solicits a part of public patronage. The House being large and in the most elavated place in the Town, and close to a large Fountain of pure Spring Water. His Establishment shall always be furnished with every necessary that the country affords.

MICHAEL McGARY.

October 14, 1834. 6tf.

☞ The Salisbury Carolinian, Raleigh Register, Greensborough Patriot and Wilmington People's Press, will publish the above for six weeks and send their accounts to this Office for payment.

LUMBER.

THE Subscriber will keep a good supply of all kinds of LUMBER constantly on hand.

MICHAEL McGARY.

Fayetteville, Oct. 14, 1834. 6tf

Lucifer Matches.

6 Gross LUCIFER MATCHES, just received by
N. & H. P. PECK.
October 11. 6tf.

LOOK AT THIS!
Tickets only Three Dollars.
CAPITAL, $5,000!

4TH CLASS OF THE N. CAROLINA STATE

LOTTERY,

FOR THE BENEFIT OF
THE SALISBURY ACADEMY.

TERMINATING FIGURE SYSTEM.

To be drawn at Greensborough, N. C., on Friday, the 24th day of October, 1834.

SCHEME.

1 Prize of	$5,000	is	$5,000
1 Prize of	3,000	is	3,000
1 Prize of	2,000	is	2,000
5 Prizes of	1,000	is	5,000
10 Prizes of	500	is	5,000
10 Prizes of	300	is	3,000
10 Prizes of	200	is	2,000
20 Prizes of	100	is	2,000
60 Prizes of	50	is	3,000
200 Prizes of	30	is	6,000
200 Prizes of	20	is	4,000
300 Prizes of	10	is	3,000
6000 Prizes of	7	is	42,000
6000 Prizes of	4	is	24,000
6000 Prizes of	3	is	18,000
18818 Prizes amounting to			$127,000

MODE OF DRAWING.

This Scheme formed by the Terminating Figure System, has 60,000 Tickets, numbered from 1 to 60,000 inclusive On the day of drawing the 60,000 numbers will be put into one wheel, and all the prizes above the denomination of $7 into another: they will be drawn out alternately, first a number and then a prize, until all the prizes are drawn. The Prizes of $7, $4, and $3, are disposed of in the following manner, viz: The 6000 Tickets terminating with the same figure that the first drawn number terminates with, will be entitled to $7 each, and the 6000 Tickets terminating with the same figure that the next number drawn from the wheel terminates with, differing in its termination from that of the first, will be entitled to $4 each, and the 6000 Tickets terminating with the same figure that terminates the next number drawn from the wheel, differing in its termination from the first and second will be entitled to $3 each.

EXAMPLE.

Suppose 2423 to be the first number drawn from the wheel, it terminating with figure 3 will entitle the 6000 Tickets terminating with figure 3 to $7 each; and suppose 32567 to be the second number drawn from the wheel, then the 6000 tickets terminating with figure 7, will be entitled to $4 each; and suppose 41530 to be the third number drawn from the wheel, then the 6000 Tickets terminating with the figure 0, will be entitled to $3 each. Every package of 10 Tickets will embrace all the terminating figures from 1 to 0, so that the holder of a package of 10 Tickets as put up by the managers, must draw one of each of the three smallest denomination of prizes, and may draw ten other prizes.

A Package of 10 whole Tickets will cost	$30
And must draw nett	$11 90
	$18

Those who prefer adventuring for the large prizes only, can in this way, for $18 get the managers' certificate for 10 whole Tickets, entitling the holder to all the Tickets may draw over $11 90, that being the amount that the package must draw of necessity—say,

A certificate for a Package of 10 Whole Tickets	$18
For 10 Half do.	9 00
For 10 Quarter do.	4 50

☞ All prizes payable in CASH, forty days after the drawing, subject to a deduction of 15 per cent.

☞ All orders from a distance by mail (post paid,) or by private conveyance, enclosing the Cash or prize Tickets in our previous Lotteries, will receive the most prompt attention, if addressed to STEVENSON & POINTS, and an account of the drawing will be forwarded immediately after its event.

Whole Tickets	$3
Halves	1 50
Quarters	75

STEVENSON & POINTS,
MANAGERS.

Salisbury, N C. 1834.

☞ Tickets, Shares, and Packages, to be had, in the greatest variety of numbers, at the Office of

Thos. Sandford & Co.,
AGENTS, FAYETTEVILLE.

All orders from a distance, (post paid) enclosing the Cash, will be thankfully received and promptly attended to, if addressed to

THOS. SANDFORD & CO,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

October 13, 1834. 7 *id.*

Clocks.

150 Thirty Hour CLOCKS, just received by
N. & H. P. PECK.
October 14. 6tf.

NEW AND LARGE SUPPLY OF

BOOKS & STATIONARY.

THE Subscriber, during his late visit to the Northern cities, purchased a very large supply of

BOOKS,

In the various departments of Literature, which he has just received, and is now opening. They make his assortment more general and extensive, than any ever before seen in this place. He thinks it unnecessary to enumerate, but will only invite his friends and the public of this town and the surrounding country, to call and examine.

In addition to the stock of Books, he has a beautiful assortment of Fine Pen and Pocket KNIVES, a large stock of Cap and Letter PAPERS, New Piano and Flute MUSIC, &c. &c.

E. J. HALE.

October 13, 1834.

JOSEPH HOSTLER,
(BARBER,)
Lafayette Hotel, Fayetteville, N. C.,

HAS just returned from New York and Philadelphia, with a full supply of

Fancy and Seasonable Articles

In his line, which he offers for sale at the lowest Cash prices. They consist of the following articles, viz:—

Gentlemen's Stocks, (superior and common)
Do. Collars and Bosoms, new style,
Do. and *LADIES'* **WIGS,** *very handsome,*
Do. Ladies' Curls, do. do.
Dressing Combs and Hair Brushes,
Cloth and Tooth do.
Razor and Razor Strops, of a good quality,
Gentlemen's Suspenders
Music Boxes and Organs; something very new,
Cologne, Lavender, Orange, and Florida Waters,
Windsor, Musk, Cream and Almond Soaps,
Liquid Soap, for shaving, (3 drops sufficient,)
Spanish Cigars, best brown,
Studs for shirt Bosoms,
Playing Cards, of all qualities,
Pomatum and Essence of Burgamot,
Hair Powder and Corn Plaster, with a variety of other articles in his line, which he will sell at the lowest cash prices.

October 13, 1834. 6tf.

Shirtings.

16 Boxes brown Shirtings and Sheetings,
7 Cases bleached do ditto,
Just received by N. & H. P. PECK.
October 14. 6tf

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers to the Stock of the Cape Fear, Yadkin and Pedee Rail Road Company are notified that by an order of the Board of Directors of the Company of the 9th September last, was made payable and due on the 15th September, 1834, the whole of the Stock subscribed by said Company, it being the fourth and last instalment due on each share.

By order of the Board,
EDW'D W WILLKINGS, Treas.
Fayetteville, October 15, 1834. 6tf

Notice.

RANAWAY from the Subscriber about the first of May last, his negro man BOB He is about 25 or 30 years old; has a high forehead, quite black, and a good countenance He has broad shoulders and is very wide from the point of one Jaw to the other; walks brisk and inclines to be knockneed; he has one or two scars on his breast which appears to nave been done with a whip. I purchased him of a man by the name of John Jennings who said he lived in North Carolina. I will give $10 to any person who will apprehend said negro and lodge him in Jail, and give me information of the same.

JOHN C. JETER.

Fish dam, Union District S C. —98-1mf3m.

10 or 15 Hands Wanted.

TEN OR 15 GOOD HANDS can find constant employ in Rafting Lumber, for which a fair price will be paid in Cash. Apply to

HENRY HORN.

October 6th, 1834. 5 4w.

LIME.

22 Casks Thomaston LIME,
For sale by
AMOS KIMBALL.
September 30, 1834.

SUGAR, COFFEE, &c.

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE,

5 HHDS. prime Sugar,
301 bags Rio & Java Coffee,
20 pieces Cotton Bagging,
20 coils Bale Rope,
40 kegs Cut Nails,
10 kegs Dupont's Powder,
1000 lbs. Loaf Sugar.

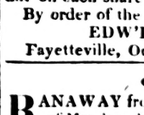
ALSO ON HAND,

1000 bushels Liverpool & Alum Salt,
Swedes & English Iron,
Castings, a good assortment,
Blacksmith's Tools,
Trace Chains, Shovels and Spades,
HATS, SHOES and Upper Leather,

DRY GOODS,
HARDWARE & CUTLERY.

JOHN MUNN.

September 15. 1834. 2tf.



Commission Business will be promptly attended to by the Subscriber.

J MUNN.

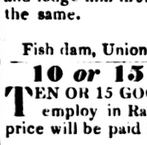
REMOVAL.

THE Subscriber having removed to the Store lately occupied by Col. Samuel T. Hawley, offers for sale, a general assortment of

GROCERIES,

For Cash or Country Produce. The HIGHEST market price will be given for Tallow.

DUNCAN SMITH.



N. B.—Fayetteville Factory Candles sold by wholesale by the Subscriber *only.*

D. S.

Fayetteville, Sept 16, 1834. 2-6w.

A Situation Wanted,

BY a Young Man who has lived some time in a Country Store, and can produce satisfactory recommendations. A letter addressed to the Editor of this paper, will be attended to.

Sept. 22, 1834. 3-tf.

CAMPBELL & PRIOR

ARE now receiving a large and handsome assortment of GOLD AND SILVER Patent Lever, Lepine, and Plain

WATCHES,
Of various qualities, fine and common Fashionable
Jewelry

Of every description; Silver SPOONS, Butter and Fruit KNIVES; Gold and Silver SPECTACLES, PENCILS, THIMBLES, &c.; Plated and Britannia WARE, Military EQUIPMENTS, fine GUNS, fine CUTLERY

Mathematical and Musical
INSTRUMENTS,

Together with a great variety of new and fashionable Fancy and Household ARTICLES, too tedious to enumerate; all of which are offered at reduced prices.

Clock and Watch REPAIRING, and other WORK in their line, thankfully received and strictly attended to.

September 30, 1834. 4tf.

YARBROUGH & RAY

HAVE received their usual supply of

FALL GOODS,

Which they offer for sale on accommodating terms.

Fayetteville, Sept. 30, 1834. 4-4w

Beef, Pork and Mackerel.

JUST RECEIVED PER STEAMERS WALKER & HENRIETTA,

10 Bbls prime PORK,
7 do do BEEF,
15 do No. 3 MACKEREL,
For sale by AMOS KIMBALL.
September 30, 1834. 4tf.

NEW STAPLE AND FANCY
DRY GOODS.
EUGENE B. DRAKE

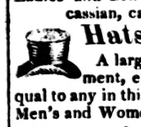
RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has removed to and taken the Stand on the So. West corner of Market Square and Gillespie street, known as Staiert's Corner, where he is just receiving and opening, direct from New York, a very general and excellent assortment of British, French, India and American Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS,
Hats, Shoes, Hardware and Groceries,

Which, in connection with his former Stock, makes his assortment both extensive and complete.

Among which are:

Sup. extra blue, black, and sea green Cloths and Cassimeres,
Steel mix'd and drab do.
Ditto ditto and blue Satinets,
3 4, 4 4 brown and bleached Domestics,
3 4, 4-4 Plaids, Checks and Ginghams,
3 4, 4-4 Bed Tickings,
British, French and American Calicoes,
White, red and green Flannels,
Green Baize and cotton ditto,
Tartan Plaids and blue Camlets,
Merino Cloths, Circassians and Bombazetts,
India Satin and Italian Lustrings,
Imitation ditto do ditto,
Blue, red and green Florences,
Blue, black, brown, claret and lilac Gros-de-Naps,
Pongee, Levantine and Sarsnet Silks,
4-4, 6-4 Cambrics and Jaconets,
4 4, 6 4 Book and Swiss Muslin,
4-4, 6-4 figured do ditto,
4 4, 6-4 figured and plain Bobinets,
Bobinet Footings, Edgings and Quiltings,
Grecian and thread do do ditto,
Black silk do do ditto,
Muslin, Insertions, Swiss Lace and Lace Capes,
Ladies' fancy silk and gauze Handkerchiefs,
Ditto white, green and black, blond, gauze and bobinet Lace Veils,
Ditto white and merino Handkerchiefs and Shawls,
Gentlemen's Flag, Bandana and Pongee Hdkffs,
A general assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Gloves and Hosiery,
Ladies' Cravats and Head Ornaments,
Beed Bags and Hair Reticules,
White and coloured Braids, Piping and Cord,
Plain and figured Lustring, satin and gauze Bonnet and Cap Ribbons,
Ditto do belt ditto,
Taffetas ditto,
Gentlemen's linen Bosoms and Collars,
Ditto bombazine and velvet Stocks,
Ditto gum elastic and cotton Suspenders,
Ditto silk and cotton Umbrellas,
Ladies' and Gentlemen's cloth, merino, silk, circassian, camlet and plaid Cloaks.



Hats and Shoes.
A large and general assortment, embracing a variety equal to any in this place.—Also,
Men's and Womens' Saddles, Bridles, &c.

Groceries and Hardware.

40 bags Rio and Laguyra Coffee,
15 hhds. Porto Rico, St. Croix and Jamaica Sugar,
200 sacks Liverpool Salt,
1000 bushels ditto,
300 pieces Castings; Pots, Ovens, Skillets, &c.
105 set wagon Boxes,
75 sides sole Leather,
100 do. upper ditto,
7 tons Swedes and English Iron,
700 lbs. German, English and A. B. Steel,

A general assortment of cut Nails, trace and halter Chains, Hoop and Sheet Iron, Anvils, Vices, Gun Powder, Shot and Lead, Epsom and Glauber Salts, Alum, Sulphur, Spanish Brown, Copperas, Madder, Indigo and Starch, Pepper, Spice, Ginger and Nutmegs, loaf and lump Sugar, gunpowder, Imperial and Hyson Tea, Bale Rope, Cotton Bagging and Cotton Yarn, assorted numbers, real Spanish and common Cigars, pine apple Cheese, Raisins in boxes, Collins & King's Axes, Davis's Coffee Mills. A general assortment of fine and common Knives and Forks, fine and common desk and jack Knives, Handsaws, Rifles and shot Guns, brass and steel barrel pocket Pistols, ever pointed silver Pencil Cases; cotton and wool Cards; besides a variety of other articles too tedious to enumerate, the whole of which is offered at a small advance for Cash, Country Produce, or approved endorsed Notes at Bank.

E. B. DRAKE.

Staiert's Corner, Market Square.

Fayetteville, Sept. 28, 1834. 4tf.

CONSTABLE BONDS
For sale at the Book Store.

GROCERIES,
HARDWARE & CUTLERY.

32,000 lbs. prime green Rio Coffee,
50 hhds. St. Croix, Porto Rico and New Orleans SUGAR,
6,000 bushels Liverpool SALT,
300 sacks do. do.
30 tons Swedes and English Iron, assorted,
3,000 lbs. Caststeel, German, Crawly, English and American Steel,
Hoop and sheet Iron,
200 kegs cut Nails and Brads, assorted,
1,500 lbs. loaf and lump Sugar,
200 sides best Spanish sole Leather,
60 pieces heavy Dundee Bagging,
60 coils best Bale Rope,
3,000 lbs. Cotton Yarn, Nos. 5 to 15,
75 kegs FFF Dupont's & Orange Gunpowder,
100 bags drop and buck Shot, assorted,
1,500 lbs. bar Lead,
350 lbs. best Spanish Indigo,
500 lbs. Dutch Madder,
8 bbls. Capperas,
6 boxes pine apple Cheese,
4 ditto Chocolate,
40 boxes bunch Raisins,
8 dozen Collins & Co's Axes,
1,000 pieces Castings,
200 sets wagon Boxes,
200 pair heavy wrought iron Trace Chains,
Anvils, Vices, Smith's Hammers & bellows Pipes,
12 doz. bottles Ink,
30 kegs German and American White Lead in oil,
12 tons Plaster Paris,
200 pair thick Negro Shoes,
10 hhds. Molasses,
Shovels and Spades, long and short handle Pans, Waffle and Wafer Irons, Scissors, Curry Combs, Wagon Bells, Spanish Segars, Pepper, Allspice, and Ginger, Spanish Brown, Saltpetre, Window Glass and Putty, Pearl Ash, Scythe Blades & Cutting Knives, Lime Juice, Lemon Sirup, Sweet Oil, Writing and Wrapping Paper, Caststeel Garden Hoes, Cow Bells, Bed Cords, Plough Lines, Shovels and Tongs, Chewing Tobacco. Mill and Hand Saws, Collar Cords, best Halter Chains, Coffee Mills, together with a number of other articles too numerous to mention; all of which will be sold wholesale or retail for Cash or Country Produce Country Merchants and purchasers in general, are invited to call and examine the above stock before they make their purchases.

HENRY HORN.

☞ N. B.—Factorage and Commission Business will meet with prompt attention.

H. H.

September 23, 1834. 3tf.

Five Cents Reward.

RANAWAY from the Subscriber, a few weeks since, an indented Apprentice by the name of EPHRAIM BENNETT; he is a dark complected colored boy, 15 to 16 years of age. Whoever will apprehend and deliver the said Boy to me in Fayetteville, shall be entitled to the above reward, but no thanks or charges. All persons are forbid harboring or employing him in any manner whatever.

JAMES BAKER

September 8, 1834. 3tf.

New Books—Just Received.

JONES'S DEFENCE OF NORTH CAROLINA; Tutti Frutti, a Novel; Memoir of J. Brainerd Taylor; Notes of a Traveller; Life of Rowland Hill; Book of Hearts; Ayesha, the Maid of Kars; Guy Rivers; Family at Home; Family Library; Woodbridge's Geography; Abbott's Corner Stone; Scott's Novels; American Chesterfield; Mason's Farrier; Edwards on Redemption; Dr. Crombie on Health and Mental Education; Hughes' Equity Draftsman, &c. &c.

E. J. HALE.

September 12, 1834.

ICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS give notice that the ICE HOUSE will be open to deliver Ice every morning, (Sundays excepted) from 5 to 7 o'clock, or till breakfast hour, and also on Saturday evening from 6 till 7 o'clock, *and at no other time.* They have fixed upon the following Prices for the present:

Daily Subscribers, from 2 to 23 lbs.	3 cts per lb	
Transient Customers,	" 2 to 35 "	4 " "
Wholesale,	" 25 to 500	3 " "
Do.	500 lb. and upwards	2 " "

BARRY & BRYANT.

Wilmington, May 14. 85tf.

Taken Up,

AND committed to the Jail of Cumberland county, on the 23d instant, a Negro Man named RANDALL, who says he belongs to Wm. Boylan, Esq., of Wake County. He is about 44 or 45 years of age, about 5 feet 6 inches high. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, or he will be dealt with as the law directs.

FREDERICK MOORE, *Jailer.*

Fayetteville, Sept. 30, 1834. 4tf.

Tobacco.

2,200 lbs. prime Virginia manufactured Tobacco, for sale by

E. B. DRAKE.

October 7th, 1834. 5-tf.

Richmond and Potomac Railroad.—We have conversed with Mr. Hunter, one of the Engineers who have been, for some time past engaged in experimental surveys for the route of the Railroad from Richmond to Fredericksburg, and learn that the face of the country presents no serious obstacle, and that the Western Line has proved less difficult than was anticipated. We learn also, that, on the Western route, there has been a relinquishment of land in all instances except two or three, where the property belongs to Orphan Children, and that the disposition of the people, towards the work, as might be inferred from what we have stated, is exceedingly favorable. It is thought to have an advantage over the other route in a greater abundance of timber and stone, but very little in distance.

Engineers are now engaged in locating 17 miles of the road from Richmond to the ridge South of the Pamunkey—a portion common to the rival routes, which will be prepared for letting forthwith. The Board of Directors will decide very soon which course the road will take thence, and the expectation is that by February next a location of the road will be made to within 15 miles of this place. Every thing indicates that the work will be prosecuted with vigor.—*Fred. Arena.*

Another Revolutionary Patriot Gone!—Died, in Carroll county, Ten. on the 23d ult. in the 81st year of his age, Capt. WM. FLEWELLEN, a native of Halifax county, North Carolina. Capt. Flewellen entered the army of the United States in the Revolutionary war as a volunteer private in the 3d North Carolina Continental Line, commanded by Gen. Jethro Sumner, was shortly after promoted by the Quartermaster to the rank of wagon master, and marched from the county of Halifax with his regiment early in the year 1776. After serving a long and toilsome campaign in the States of South Carolina and Georgia, in which the army suffered greatly from the unhealthiness of the climate, and innumerable hardships, that portion of the regiment to which he was attached, was marched to Halifax and discharged. He was subsequently elected captain of a volunteer corps of cavalry; and was actively engaged in suppressing the Tories, in that part of the country, until the close of the war. Many years afterwards he settled in Robertson county, Tennessee, from whence he removed to his late place of residence, where he lived to an advanced age; feeble, and afflicted in the decline of life, but honored and respected by all who knew him.—*Nashville Whig.*

NEW ORLEANS, SEPT. 19.

Comical Accident.—Yesterday the Locomotive Creole of the Rail Road, being ready to start for the city, with several cars attached, having been left by the engineer for a few moments, started backwards with full steam, and safely deposited itself and the cars in twelve feet water at the end of the wharf.

A Tailor's Bill.—We extract the following from the Weekly Museum of November 2d, 1799—a paper formerly published in New York—the joke is too good not to be transcribed for the benefit of pettifoggers in our day.

An unfortunate tailor, who had committed some law business to the hands of an attorney well practised in his profession, had a bill containing such a variety of charges that he thought himself fleeced most unmercifully. The only satisfaction which occurred to him was to prevail on the lawyer to have a suit of clothes made for him, for which he in his turn gave in something like the following bill:

	£.	s.	d.
To measuring and taking orders for a suit of clothes,	0	6	8
Warrant and instructions to my foreman,	1	6	8
Going three times to woollen drapers,	0	1	6
Fees to the woollen draper,	4	4	0
Cutting out the cloth,	0	6	2
Materials for making,	1	16	3
Trying the suit,	0	13	4
Alterations and amendments,	1	11	0
Entering it into my day book,	0	10	6
Posting it in my ledger,	0	13	4
Writing to the button merchant,	0	0	8
Filing his declaration, 16 sheets,	0	16	0
Fees to the button merchant,	0	6	8
Removing suit from my house to Broadway,	1	5	0
Removing it, by certiorari, from Broadway to your country house,	1	5	0
Writing out a receipt with a stamp,	0	10	0
Filing same,	0	6	0
Service of same,	0	5	0
Do eight times more,	2	0	0
	18	18	9

By this bill he contrived to have a sufficient set off against the attorney, and acted on principles of equal fairness.

In *New York*, the whole number of deaths last week was 202, of which 48 were by cholera. The whole number of deaths by cholera, since the disease was first reported on the 9th of August, has been 943.

In *Boston* the number of deaths last week was 36. No cholera.

In *Philadelphia* the number of deaths last week was 187, of which 29 were by cholera.

Hats manufactured by Steam.—By an advertisement in another column of to-day's paper, it will be seen that Messrs. Kenton & Hare, are now engaged in manufacturing hats entirely by steam.

We have examined the model of their machine at their store, and were much pleased with the ingenuity of its contrivance. Near the boiler is a cylindrical receiver, provided with dashers on the inside, not unlike those of a churn. A pipe in the centre conveys the steam from the boiler to the cylinder, in which the nap is placed. The workman is released from having his hands at all in the hot water, as was the case on the old plan, and by the increased heat, the finish of the article is rendered much more complete and elegant.

Their hats have a very handsome appearance, and we have no doubt the improvement will prove serviceable to the public, and we hope profitable to themselves.—*Phil. Com. Herald.*

A Mr. Justice Norman, who died during the last century, in England, left a donation of 4,000*l.* to build a charity school at the expiration of sixty years; this term has now been completed, and the interest and principal amounts to 74,000*l.* The school is to contain 120 boys. The Justice, who must have been a lover of the substantials of life, directs, as a part of their tuition, that every boy shall receive on Sunday one pound of roast beef for his dinner, and 10 ounces of plum-pudding for his supper—on Monday a pound of boiled beef for his dinner, and 10 ounces of suet pudding for supper—every Tuesday morning beef broth for breakfast, and at dinner a pound of mutton veal—every Wednesday pork and peas—every Thursday mutton or veal—every Friday beans or peas—and every Saturday fish, well buttered, &c.

Both tracks of the Columbia Railroad are completed, and on Tuesday Governor Wolf passed over the whole line of 82 miles from Columbia to Philadelphia. The U. S. Gazette says, that the cars as they came into Philadelphia, with music and flags, and thickly crowded inside and out with passengers, presented a very animated appearance, and the crowd which had assembled to witness their arrival testified their approbation by repeated cheers.

Daring Robbery.—Mr. Lay, of Batavia, Genessee County, arrived in town on Saturday evening last, and deposited his valise at the bar of the Western Hotel. While taking his tea the valise was stolen by some person who has thus far eluded pursuit. It contained between 7 and $8,000 in gold, mostly in sovereigns and half sovereigns.—A reward of $500 is offered.—*Standard.*

Henry the Eighth appointed Sir Thomas Moore to carry an expression to the King of France, Francis the First. Sir Thomas told him he feared, if he carried so violent a message to so violent a King as Francis, it might cost him his head. "Never fear," said the King, "if Francis cuts off your head, I will make every Frenchman in London a head shorter."

"I am obliged to your majesty," replied Sir Thomas, "but I much fear many of their heads will fit my shoulders."

FROM THE LONDON NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

INCIDENTS OF THE HUDSON.

(BY N. P. WILLIS.)

M. Chabert, the fire eater, would have found N. York uncomfortable, I would mention the height of the thermometer, but for the aversion I have to figures. Broadway, at noon, had been known to *fry soles*.

I had fixed upon the first of August for my annual trip to Saratoga; and, with a straw hat, a portmanteau, and a black boy, was huddled into the "rather faster than lightning" steamer, North America, with about seven hundred other people, like myself, just in time. Some hundred and fifty gentlemen and ladies, thirty seconds too late, stood "larding" the pine chips upon the pier, gazing after the vanishing boat through showers of perspiration. Away we "streaked" at the rate of twelve miles in the hour against the current, and by the time I had penetrated to the baggage closet, and seated William Wilberforce upon my portmanteau, with orders not to stir for eleven hours and seven minutes, we were far up the Hudson, opening into its hills and Rocks, like a Witches' party streaming through the Harz in a caldron.

A North river Steamboat, as a Vermont boy would phraze it, is *another guess sort o' thing from a Britisher*. A coal barge and an eight oars on the Thames are scarce more dissimilar. Built for smooth water only, our River boats are long, shallow, and graceful, of the exquisite proportions of a pleasure yatch, and painted as brilliantly and fantastically as an Indian shell. With her bow just leaning up from the surface of the stream, her cut water throwing off a curved and transparent sheet from either side, her white awnings, her magical speed, and the gay spectacles of a thousand well dressed people on her open decks, I know nothing prettier than the vision that shoots by your door, as you sit smoking in your leaf-darkened portico on the bold shore of the Hudson.

The American edition of Mrs. Trollope, (several copies of which are to be found in every boat, serving the same purpose to the feelings of the passengers as the escape-valve to the engine,) laid on a sofa before me, and taking it up, as much as to say, "I will be let alone." I commenced dividing my attention in my usual quiet way, between the varied panorama of Rock and valley, flying backward in our progress, and the as varied multitudes about me.

For the mass of the women, as far as satin slippers, hats, dresses, and gloves could go, a Frenchman might have fancied himself in the midst of a transplantation from the Boulevards. In London, French fashions are, in a manner, anglified; but an American woman looks on the productions of Airbeau, Bolvin, and Maneuri, as a translator of the Talmud on the inspired text. The slight figures and small feet of the race, rather favour the resemblance; and a French milliner, who would probably come to America, expecting to see bears and buffaloes prowling about the landing place, would rub her eyes in New York, and imagine she was still in France and had crossed, perhaps, only the broad part of the Seine.

The men were a moral original study. Near me sat a Kentuckian on three chairs. He had been to the metropolis, evidently for the first time, and had "looked round sharp." In a fist like the end of the club of Hercules, was crushed a pair of French kid gloves, which, if they have fulfilled to him a glove's destiny, would flatter "the rich man" that "the camel" might yet give him the required precedent. His hair had still the traces of having been astonished with curling tongs, and across his Atlantean breast was looped, in a complicated zigzag a chain that must have cost him a wilderness of racoon skins. His coat was evidently the production of a Mississippi Tailor, though of the finest English material; his shirt bosom was ruffled like a swan with her feathers full spread, and a black silk cravat, tied in a kind of a curse-me-if-I-care sort of a knot, flung out its ends like the arms of an Italian improvisatore. With all this he was a man to look upon with respect. His under-jaw was set up to its fellow with an habitual determination that would throw a hickory tree into a shiver, but frank good nature, and the most absolute freedom from suspicion, lay at large in his adjacent features, mixed with an earnestness that commended itself at once to your liking.

In a retired corner, near the wheel, stood a group of Indians, as motionless, by the hour together, as figures carved in *rosso antico*. They had been on their melancholy annual visit to the now cultivated shores of Connecticut, the burial-place, but unforgotten and once wild home of their fathers.—With the money given them by the romantic persons, whose sympathies are yearly moved by these stern and poetical pilgrims, they had taken a passage in the "fire-canoe" which would set them two hundred miles on their weary journey back to the prairies. Their Apollo like forms loosely draped in blankets, their gaudy wampum-belts and feathers, the muscular arm and close clutch upon the rifle, the total absence of surprise at the unaccustomed wonders about them, and the lowering and settled scorn and dislike expressed in their copper faces, would have powerfully impressed a European. The only person on whom they deigned to glance was the Kentuckian, and at him they occasionally stole a look, as if, through all his metropolitan finery, they recognized metal with whose ring they were familiar.

There were three foreigners on board, two of them companions, and one apparently alone.—With their coats too small for them, their thick soled boots and sturdy figures, collarless cravats, and assumed unconsciousness of the presence of another living soul, they were recognizable at once as Englishmen. To most of the people on board, they probably appeared equally well dressed, and of equal pretensions to the character of gentlemen; but any one who had made observations between Temple Bar and the steps of Crockford's would easily resolve them into two Birmingham bagmen, "sinking the shop," and a quiet gentleman on a tour of information.

The only other persons I particularly noted were a southerner, probably the son of a planter from Alabama, and a beautiful girl, dressed in singularly bad taste, who seemed his sister. I knew the specimen" well. The indolent attitude, the thin, but powerfully jointed frame, the prompt politeness, the air of superiority acquired from constant command over slaves, the mouth habitually flexible, and looking eloquent even in silence, and the eye, in which slept a volcano of violent passions, were the marks that showed him of a race which I had studied much, and preferred to all the many and distinct classes of my countrymen. His sister was of the slightest and most fragile figure, graceful as a fawn, but with no trace of the dancing master's precepts in her motions, vivid in her attention to every thing about her, and amused with all she saw, a copy of Lalla Rookh sticking from the pocket of her French apron, a number of gold chains hung outside her travelling habit and looped to her belt, and a glorious profusion of dark curls broke loose from her combs, floating unheeded over her shoulders.

Toward noon we rounded West Point, and shot suddenly into the overshadowed gorge of the mountains, as if we were dashing into the vein of a silver mine laid open and molten into a flowing river by a flash of lightning. (The figure should be Satan Montgomery's—but I can, in no other way, give an idea of the sudden darkening of the Hudson, and the underground effect of the sharp, overhanging mountains as you sweep first into the Highlands.)

The solitary Englishman, who had been watching the southern beauty with the greatest apparent interest, had lounged over to her side of the boat, and, with the instinctive knowledge that women have of character, she had shrunk from the more obtrusive attempts of the Brummagems to engage her in conversation, and addressed some remark to him, which seemed to have advanced them, at once, to acquaintances of a year. They were admiring the stupendous scenery together a moment before the boat stopped for a passenger, off a small town above the Point. As the wheels were checked, there was a sudden splash in the water, and a cry of a "lady overboard!" I looked for the fair creature who had been standing before me, and she was gone. The boat was sweeping on, and, as I darted to the railing, saw the gurgling eddy where something had gone down, and, in the next minute, the Kentuckian and the youngest of the Indians rushed together to the stern, and clearing the tafferel with tremendous leaps, dived by side into the centre of the foaming circle. The Englishman had coolly seized a rope, and by the time they reappeared, stood on the railing with a coil in his hand, and flung it with accurate calculation directly over them. With immovable grave faces, and eyes blinded with water, the two divers rose, holding high between them a large pine faggot! Shouts of laughter pealed from the boat, and the Kentuckian, discovering his error, gave the log an indignant fling behind, and taking hold of the rope, lay quietly to be drawn in, while the Indian, disdaining assistance, darted through the wake of the boat with arrow swiftness, and sprang up the side with the agility of a tiger cat. The lady reappeared from the cabin as they jumped, dripping upon the deck; the Kentuckian shook himself and sat down in the sun to dry, and the graceful and stern Indian, too proud even to put the wild, wet hair away from his forehead, resumed his place and folded his arms, as indifferent and calm, save the suppressed heaving of his chest, as if he had never stirred from his stone like posture.

An hour or two brought us to the foot of the Catskills, and here the boat lay alongside the pier to discharge those of her passengers who were bound to the house on the mountain. A hundred or more moved to the gangway at the summons to get ready, and among them the southerners and the Kentuckian.—I had begun to feel an interest in our fair fellow passenger, and I suddenly determined to join their party, a resolution to which the Englishman seemed to come at the same moment, and probably for the same reason.

We slept at the pretty village on the bank of the river, and the next day made the 12 hours ascent through glen and forest, our way skirted with the most gorgeous and odorous flowers, and turned aside and towered over by trees, whose hoary and moss covered trunks would have stretched the conceptions of the "savage Rosa." Every thing that was not lovely was gigantesque and awful. The rocks were split with a visible impress of the Almighty power that had torn them apart, and the daring and dizzy crags spurred into the sky as if the arms of the buried and frenzied Titan were thrusting them from the mountain's bosom. It gave one a kind of maddening desire to shout and leap—the energy with which it filled the mind so outmeasured the power of the frame.

Near the end of our journey we stopped together on a jutting rock to look back on the obstacles we had overcome. The view extended over 40 or 50 miles of vale and mountain, and with a half shut eye, it looked in its green and lavish foliage, like a near and unequal bed of verdure, while the distant Hudson crept through it like a half hid satin riband, lost as if in clumps of moss among the broken banks of the Highlands. I was trying to fix the eyes of my companion upon West Point, when a steamer, with a black funnel and retreating line of smoke issued as if from the bosom of the hills, into an open break of the river. It was as small apparently as the white hand that pointed to it so rapturously.

"Oh!" said the half breathless girl, "is it not like some fairy bark on an eastern stream, with a spice lamp alight in its prow?"

"More like an old shoe afloat, with a cigar stuck in it," interrupted Kentucky.

As the sun began to kindle into a blaze of fire, the tumultuous masses, so peculiar to an American sky, turning every tree and rock to a lambent and rosy gold, we stood on the broad platform on which the house was built, braced even beyond weariness by the invigorating and rarefied air of the mountain. A hot supper and an early pillow, with the feather beds and blankets of winter, were unromantic circumstances, but I am not aware that any one of the party made an audible objection to them. I sat next the Kentuckian at table, and can answer for two.

A mile or two back from the mountain house, on nearly the same level, the gigantic forest suddenly sinks two or three hundred feet into earth, forming a tremenduous chasm, over which a bold stag might almost leap, and above which the rocks hang on either side with the most threatening and frowning grandeur. A mountain stream creeps through the forest to the precipice, and leaps as suddenly over, as if, Arethusa-like, it fled into the earth from the pursuing steps of a satyr. Thirty paces from its brink, you would never suspect, but for the hollow reverberation of the plunging stream, that any thing but a dim and mazy wood was within a day's journey. It is visited as a great curiosity in scenery, under the name of the Cauterskill Falls. We were all on the spot by ten next morning, after a fatiguing tramp through the forest, for the Kentuckian had rejected the offer of a guide, undertaking to bring us to it in a straight line by only the signs of the water course. The caprices of the little stream had misled him, however, and we arrived half dead with the fatigue of our cross marches.

I sat down on the bald edge of the precipice, and suffered my more impatient companions to attempt the difficult and dizzy descent before me. The Kentuckian leaped from rock to rock, followed daringly by the Southerner; and the Englishman, thoroughly enamored of the exquisite child of nature, who knew no reserve beyond her maidenly modesty, devoted himself to her assistance, and compelled her with anxious entreaties to descend more cautiously. I lay at my length as they proceeded, and with my head over the projecting edge of the most prominent crag, watched them in a giddy dream, half stupified by the grandeur of the scene, half interested in their motions.

They reached the bottom of the glen at last, and shouted to the two who had gone before, but they had followed the dark passage of the stream to find its vent, and were beyond sight or hearing.

After sitting a minute or two, the restless, but over-fatigued girl rose to go nearer the fall, and I was remarking to myself the sudden heaviness in her steps, when she staggered, and turning towards her companion fell senseless into his arms. The closeness of the air below, combined with over-exertion, had been too much for her.

The small hut of an old man who served as a guide, stood a little back from the glen, and I had rushed into it, and was on the first step of the descent, with a flask of spirits, when a cry from the opposite crag, in the husky choking scream of infuriated passion, suddenly arrested me. On the edge of the yawning chasm, gazing down into it with a livid death-like paleness stood the Southerner. I mechanically followed his eye. His sister lay on her back upon a flat rock immediately below him, and over her knelt the Englishman, loosening the dress that pressed close upon her throat, and with his face so near hers, as to conceal it entirely from the view. I felt the brother's misapprehension at a glance, but my tongue clove in the roof of my mouth, for in the madness of his fury, he stood stretching clear over the brink, and every instant I looked to see him plunge head-long. Before I could recover my breath, he started back, gazed wildly round, and seized upon a huge fragment of rock, hurled it into the abyss. Giddy and sick with horror, I turned away and covered my eyes. I felt assured he had dashed them to atoms.

The lion roar of the Kentuckian was the first sound that followed the thundering crash of the fragments.

"Halloo, youngster! what in tarnation are you arter? you've killed the girl, by gosh!"

The next moment I heard the loosened stones as he went plunging down into the glen, and hurrying after him with my restorative, I found the poor Englishman lying senseless on the rocks, and the fainting girl, escaped miraculously from harm, struggling slowly to her senses.

On examination, the new sufferer appeared only stunned, by a small fragment which had struck him on the temple, and the Kentuckian taking him up in his arms like a child, strode through the spray of the fall, and held his head under the descending torrent till he kicked lustily for his freedom. With a draught from the flask, the pale Alabamian was soon perfectly restored, and we stood on the rock together, looking at each other like people who have survived an earthquake.

We climbed the ascent, and found the brother lying with his face to the earth, beside himself with his conflicting feelings. The rough tongue of the Kentuckian, to whom I had explained the apparent cause of the rash act, soon cleared up the tempest, and he joined us presently, and walked back by his sister's side in silence.

We made ourselves into a party to pass the remainder of the summer on the Lakes, unwillingly letting off the Kentuckian, who was in a hurry to get back to propose himself for the legislature.

Three or four years have elapsed, and I find myself a traveller in England. Thickly sown as are the wonders and pleasures of London, an occasional dinner with a lovely country woman, in ——— square, and a gossip with her husband, over a glass of wine, in which Cauterskill Falls are not forgotton, are memorandums in my diary, never written, but "in red letters."

Audacious Forgery.—We take from the Daily Advertiser the report of an audacious forgery on the Branch Bank last week. All the money, save $250, has, however, been recovered, the young delinquent instantly on his arrest, confessing every thing to the Cashier. He is said to be of a respectable Canadian family.

Extensive Forgery and money Recovered.—On Saturday last, a young Englishman, about 8 months from Montreal, aged 19, named Charles T. B. Finchley, was brought up before the Police, by High Constable Hays, on a charge of Forgery. It appeared that Finchley has been employed for some time as a clerk of Mr. Casseler, an importer of French goods in Exchange street. Mr. Casseler going from home to Europe, confided the management of his business to his hands. In this situation, an opportunity was offered to become acquainted with many other merchants. Availing himself of the information he possessed, and penetrated with a determination to commit crime for gain, he suddenly appeared on Saturday, the 4th instant, at the counter of the United States Branch Bank in this city, and apparently in an agitated state, enquired of the acting paying teller, the chief teller being out of town, whether any person had presented a check for $2,900 for payment, drawn by Stone, Swan and Mason, of which firm he represented himself to be a member,—stating that he had lost such a check on his way to the bank, that he had come to stop it if presented. The teller told him no such check had been presented.—He then asked for a check, filled it up for 2,600, drew the money and departed. On Monday the 6th inst. he renewed his visit, and drew another check on the same firm for $3,000 for which he obtanied the money—on the 9th again drew $500, and on the 10th inst. drew $5000, in all $11,400, all in the name of the said firm, and for all of which he obtained the money. The teller, having discovered after the payment of the last check, that the account of Messrs. Stone, Swan and Mason, was overdrawn, on Saturday morning sent them a note to that effect. One of the firm, surprised at this information, proceeded to the Bank and discovered that all these checks were forgeries, and the bank officers immediately sent for High Constable Hays, and communicated to him the circumstances, together with a description of the person of Finchley. He with other officers, immediately commenced a search, but without success.

In the interim, Finchley, emboldened by former successes, entered the bank with another check for $600, which he was told would not be paid, and was then detained and the High Constable sent for, who escorted him to the Police Office. There he was examined and acknowledged the forgeries—stated that he had deposited $5,000 in the Chemical Bank, and loaned $6,200 to Mr. Atwell, of the music store in Broadway, and only spent or disposed of about $200 of his ill gotten gain. All the money but this small sum was thus speedily recovered, and the ill guided youth, much affected by his wretched condition, was fully committed for trial.

The Pension Office at Washington has, in several instances, recently been defrauded, through the means of forged claims for Revolutionary services. We have heretofore noticed some of these cases.—A Washington correspondent of the Winchester Virginian gives the following account of a more extensive fraud upon the Treasury than any which has yet been brought to light:

"Independent of your Virginia cases, we have a northern discovery, comprehending a tissue of fraud out-Fauntleroying Fauntleroy. A man, formerly a pension agent in one of the eastern states, but dismissed by Gen. Eaton, possessed of a splendid estate, and connected with the most respectable families in that region, became attorney-in-fact for several pensioners, and, availing himself of a knowledge of the business of the department committed many forgeries, and has been for years in the actual receipt of immense sums thus fraudulently obtained. The report is, that he has abstracted from the treasury some $50,000—already $23,000 have been placed to the account of his misdeeds. He came here last week, and made an attempt upon the honor of one of the clerks in the pension office, by offering him a bribe of $10,000 to make certain erasures and alterations, to cloak the frauds he had so long committed with impunity. He invited the clerk to his room at Gadsby's and after locking the door and putting the key in his pocket, he produced a brace of pistols, and threatened the individual to an acknowledgment of a disposition to serve him. Matters were arranged between the parties, and the swindler left the city. The clerk subsequently communicated all the particulars, and an agent, together with the informer, proceeded to the north to arrest the delinquent. The whole statement of the clerk has been confirmed by a letter inclosing money (signed with a name agreed upon) having been received since his departure.

To the foresight and untiring industry of the Rev. F. S. Evans, advantageously known in the valley as a Methodist divine, is owing the discovery of the Virginia frauds. This gentleman is about to receive the appointment of register in one of the land offices in Illinois."

From the London Morning Chronicle.

THE FATE OF THE ÆRIAL SHIP.

In our Journal of the 15th August, we give an account of the ærial ship, which was to have ascended on that day from the Champ de Mars at Paris. Various circumstances caused the experiment to be delayed until the 17th.

At about 9 o'clock in the morning, the gigantic balloon was removed from the place where it had been exhibited, to the Champ de Mars, and from that hour the whole population of the capital was in movement. Near to the spot where the balloon ship was prepared, an experiment had lately been made of a rail road or *chemin de fer*, but this did not excite the curiosity of the gay Parisians by any means to an equal degree as did the hardy attempt of the eighteen navigators who were about to go on a voyage for the discovery of a *chemin dans les airs!* Thus the inhabitants proceeded *en masse* to the same Champ de Mars, where so many waxen wings have been melted—so many airy projects exploded!

As noon approached, the reserve seats began to fill, and hundreds of horsemen, private equipages, cabriolets, carts, in short, every possible description of vehicle, flanked by countless thousands of pedestrians, were seen converging from every quarter of the city towards the point of attraction, amidst clouds of dust, and under a sun worthy the Meridian of Madras. As the immense masses of curious individuals, however, approached the scene of action, various indications that something had gone wrong presented themselves in the shape of returning provision carts, freighted with uneaten cargoes, itinerant piemen with long faces, &c. &c. &c. and it was speedily ascertained that about half past twelve the balloon which had been completely inflated, and was floating at a certain height, to which it was confined by cords, and at the moment when it was being drawn down, in order that the æronauts might embark in the car, suddenly turned topsy turvy, and burst with great explosion!

The crowd at first gave a cry of horror; but quickly recovering, they rushed upon the falling balloon, instantly tore it to pieces and carried it off in portions, which were exhibited and sold for a few *sols* the morsel, in every part of Paris, in the course of the afternoon.

This outrage must considerably adjourn the period at which the projectors can renew the attempt, which, however, they declare it to be their intention to do with the least possible loss of time. The car luckily escaped from the hands of the goths who destroyed the balloon.

It is said that some slight fissures had been observed in the tissue, on the evening before the balloon was to have ascended.

Whatever may have been the cause of the accident, it is very fortunate that it took place before the voyagers had taken their departure. The form of the balloon had been objected to by scientific men, and the slender tissue of which it was made, as well as the dark colour of the Indian rubber varnish with which it was covered.

A CHAPTER ON MANNERS.

FROM THE NATIONAL GAZETTE.

On Attitudes.—When you pay a visit at the house of a friend, and get fairly seated, let one of the first things you do, be, to lean back in your chair, and particularly if you are near a clean wall. I say "clean," because otherwise you might get your head soiled. A wall newly papered with a light ground, is the safest to lean against, and I would recommend a little change in the position, in order that by constantly rubbing your head on the same spot, you may not make the mark of it too plain, which porbably the lady of the house, if she was over nice, might not admire. As to the sort of chair which is best suited for the feet, I would prefer a mahogany one, particularly if the hind legs were made so as to require a considerable effort to tilt it back. The cane and rush bottom, are best for a small man, for they generally have a bar in front, upon which he can place his feet, which will enable him to wipe the dirt off his boots, in case he got into the mud on his way, and forget to wipe them at the door on the mat. The custom of leaning back one's chair, is purely American, and by rigidly observing it abroad, as well as at home, it speaks one's nationality. The people of no other polished nation, lean back in their chairs. All Europeans have a silly notion, that it indicates a want of respect for those in whose company you are, and that what they call unseemly postures, show even a man's want of self-respect. But this is all affectation. "Free and easy," is the true doctrine, whether alone, or in society, whether in your place of business, or in the drawing room.

I recollect once hearing a foreigner say, "I am told that in America, the art of leaning back is so well understood by some persons, that they can balance themselves upon one leg only of the chair." But I looked upon this as a mere display of wit, at the expense of an American *gentleman*, who was indulging himself in the favorite American attitude at the expense of the foreigner's satin wood chair and orange colored wall.

After you have sufficiently indulged in this elegant accomplishment, the next sitting attitude I would recommend, is to rest your right foot on your left knee, or your hands. This elevation of the foot to a level with the hands, is particularly advisable, if any lady or gentleman is close by, and it shows that you have as much respect for one limb as for another. Why should the foot be not as highly honored in society as the hand? Why should not the boot be brought in contact with the glove. I have seen people shove off when a gentleman had thus introduced his foot into company, as if they thought their dignity offended, but I thought it quite as silly as I did the conduct of a friend one day, who dined with a family of fashion, and was quite provoked to see the lady feed a huge pointer dog from the table, by putting pieces of bread and meat in his mouth from her own plate.

After you get tired sitting, I would advise you to stand up, and if you do not know what to do with your hands, I would recommend you to hang them by the thumbs at the arm hole of your vest, or deposite them in the pockets of your pantaloons. An occasional thrusting them into your hair, with fingers expanded like the teeth of a comb, can be practised with advantage. If you should be walking up and down the room with a lady or gentleman, you should always turn with your back to your companion. Some people think this rude, but that is because at court no one turns his back upon the king.

To conclude, when you get tired of walking, sit down and lean back again in your chair; or if the sofa be vacant, take a loll upon it, and be careful to rub your head against the wall, as before. If the sofa be covered with damask, and your boots be clean, you might safely put up your feet on it, as some of the members of Congress at Washington have been known to do, at the house of one of the foreign ministers. BRUMMELL.

An English paper says, that as a proof of the value of the gin palaces in London, it may be stated, that a splendid establishment of this kind is offered for sale near Westminster Bridge, the owner of which requires no less than 26,000*l.* for the good will, lease, and fixtures! He has been offered and has refused 20,000*l.*

MARYLAND.

The county of *Allegany*, the only one remaining to be heard from, has returned three Whigs and one Jackson man; so that the two parties will stand in the House of Delegates, Whig members, 63, Jackson, 17. The Senate of Maryland, 15 members, is unanimously Whig, which, added to the above 63, give, on joint ballot, a majority of 61.

[It was erroneously stated, in a former paper, that Washington county had returned four Whigs. It seems that one of the Jackson candidates was elected by a small majority.]

IN DELAWARE,

It is sufficient to say, that the Whig cause has triumphed completely, as was expected, and by an increased majority.

CONNECTICUT.

This State is safe. Notwithstanding the apathy of the National Republican party, great numbers of whom could not be drawn out by an extra and minor election, and a misunderstanding between the Whigs and Anti-masons, which induced many of the latter to keep aloof, and others to vote the administration ticket, the Whig party has prevailed by about four hundred votes; so that Messrs. Trumbull, Miner, and E. Jackson, Jr., are elected to supply the vacancies made by the resignations of Messrs. Foot, Ellsworth, and Huntington.

The following remarks, from the *New Haven Palladium*, on the character and result of this election, are worthy of note:

"Considering the many disadvantages under which the Whigs labored, the result of this election is most truly gratifying. 1st. But three men were to be elected, instead of a full delegation and a ticket for State Officers, which usually calls out our whole force. 2d. We held no State Convention, which we have always considered of the utmost importance. 3d. Our elections are uniformly held in April, when every man is expecting them, and is prepared for them; but that which has just happened was for the filling of vacancies, and it occurred at a season of the year when our farmers, upon whom we most depend, are busy with their crops—a season when hundreds of young mechanics have left us to attend to their business at the South; to our knowledge, over 50 of this class of men who are most active whigs, left this city for that region within the last three weeks, yet we gave the whig ticket a majority of 225. The town of Milford, about ten miles distant, was thinned of her whig voters in the same way, yet she gave us over 250 majority. Our opponents, well knowing that this was the dying struggle of Jacksonism in Connecticut, selected their most popular men, and in some parts of the State pronounced them moderate aud no-party men; in other parts, they were represented as democrats without reference to national politics; and again, where Jacksonism is uppermost, they were claimed as whole hog Jackson men.

"Yet under all these discouraging circumstances, the whigs have achieved one of the most brilliant victories ever obtained in Connecticut! Tory faces are longer than we ever saw them before. They were confident of carrying the election, and when the returns first began to come in, we confess things looked rather dark for us, but the clouds began to scatter as the returns continued to come in, and now the Whig sun shines abroad and clear through the whole State. In Hartford and Tolland counties, where we looked for bad news, the whigs have done nobly for us. It Litchfield county, where the tories claimed 500 majority, the whigs have obtained a majority of about 350—last Spring parties were equally divided in that county. New Haven County gives the whigs 440 majority Jacksonism is completely prostrate in Connecticut, never to rise again. At the next Spring election, we can beat that party by 6000 majority."

Extensive Robbery.—Mr. Wm. C. Patterson, of Stokes County, N. Carolina, had his pocket-book, containing thirty-one $100 bills and one $20 bill of the Bank of the U. States and its branches, cut from the breast pocket of his coat, in the crowd leaving the Park Theatre on Monday evening. He had no consciousness of his loss till his arrival at his lodgings, (Orange County Hotel) in Courtlandt-street, where his attention was directed to the condition of his coat by the bar-keeper. He offers a reward of $500 for the recovery of the money.—*N. Y. Paper.*

New Advertisements.

WHOLESALE

DRY GOOD & HARD-WARE

Establishment,

Foot of Haymount, Fayetteville, No. Ca.

THE SUBSCRIBERS ARE NOW RECEIVING

200 PACKAGES,

WHICH COMPRISES THEIR FALL SUPPLIES OF

Fancy and Staple Dry Goods,

Hardware & Cutlery,

TOGETHER WITH A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

Mens' & Women's fine and coarse Shoes,
Children and Misses ditto,
Shoe Findings,
Hatter's Trimmings,
Saddlery of all descriptions,
Foolscap & Letter Paper,
Men's black and drab fur Hats,
Fur Caps,
Cotton Yarns, &c. &c. &c.

Which makes their stock extensive, and very general, to which they would solicit the attention of Country Merchants, as no pains has been spared to make it worthy their interest.

HALL & JOHNSON.

October 21, 1834. 7-*tf.*

HAVANNA SEGARS.

25,000 Choice Havanna Segars

Just received and for sale by the Subscribers.

HALL & JOHNSON.

October 21, 1834. 7*tf*

$20 REWARD.

RANAWAY from the Subscriber in Robeson County, about the first of October inst., a negro man named SHADRACH, of dark complexion, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, about 32 years of age, a little inclined to be bald. He was purchased of R. McNair of the above County. The above reward will be paid for his delivery in the jail at Fayetteville, or any other jail so that I get him.

JAMES O'NEAL.

Oct. 20, 1834. 7-tf

Baltimore and Washington Rail Road.—The Baltimore Gaz., in noticing the Eighth Annual Report of the Rail Road Company, gives the following information respecting the Rail Road from Baltimore to this city:

"The rapid and successful progress of the construction of the rail way to the city of Washington, makes it probable that even before the end of the next session of Congress, the rail road cars will be regularly conveying passengers between this city and the line of the District, within five miles of the capitol—and certainly before the end of 1835 the intercourse by rail ways between the two cities, will be in full operation—and we have no doubt will exhibit a degree of perfection in the construction of the road—the expedition, comfort, and safety of conveyance for travellers—and the facility and economy of transportation of produce and merchandize, which will not have been surpassed in this or any other country."

Mr. Stephenson, the celebrated engineer, says he will not be satisfied until the journey from Liverpool to London is made in two hours, being at the rate of a hundred and four miles an hour. He has already travelled forty.

We are glad to perceive by the announcement of the Board of Directors, in this morning's paper, that the "Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank" of Georgetown, in this District, has so far recovered from the effects of the Governmental Experiment, by which many of our Banking institutions were prostrated, as to resume cash payments. Fortunate is it for those which have been able to weather the storm; but there are numbers of public institutions, we fear, as well as thousands of individuals, which must sustain lasting injury, if not total ruin, from the disastrous measures of the Government.

Nat. Int.

A letter received here on Friday, dated, Savannah, Oct. 9, states, "that the Cholera has subsided on all the River plantations. I understand that one Planter has lost as many as fifty slaves by the disease."—*Charleston Courier.*

A correspondent of the *New York Journal of Commerce*, residing at Rochester, communicates the following particulars of the detection of an entire family of thieves—father, mother, and three young children. The joint participation of the parents in the commission of crime would not, of itself, be a matter of special remark; but that parents should deliberately train up their children to the perpetration of theft, and to its inevitable consequences, infamy and ruin, displays a degree of moral depravity and absence of natural affection, at which the mind revolts with horror.—*Balt. Amer.*

ROCHESTER, (N. Y.) Oct 3.

Our police office has been thronged all day by our merchants and others, trying to recognize stolen goods, from a lot of some two or three thousand dollars worth, which have been accumulating for years, and were found in the possession of a Mr Clark, who has hitherto, so far as the writer is acquainted, sustained a good and respectable character. Clark, who has generally been known and employed as a book-keeper, has a family, a wife and three children, two girls and one boy, say from 8 to 12 years old. They passed the door of the writer this afternoon, on their way from the jail to the police office, for a partial examination before Justice Smith. When they passed, it was under circumstances calculated to bring into action all the feelings of the human heart, and especially so, when contemplating the children, whose ruin and infamy has been brought about by the very persons, the parents, whose duty it was to teach them other things. The particulars, as I have them, are these: Clark's wife called last evening at a store for the professed purpose of purchasing something, accompanied by one of her little girls. The little girl was soon missed, and also a shawl. On the clerks pursued, who soon overtook and accused the child, who denied at first, but soon acknowledged the theft, and gave up the shawl. They parted as she thought, but not so; the child followed her to her father's house, when a search soon commenced, and, in a cistern under the floor, sunk for the purpose, was found the goods in question, of all sorts and denominations—white pieces of broadcloths, silks, linens, &c. The father, mother, and three children, were arrested and confined. The children as they passed, were looking and imploring that protection, which feeling and cruel parents had not in their power to bestow. Clark has been, for a time past, on a peddling voyage or two, and how much he disposed of is quite uncertain.

Two young men, lately at Bristol, R. I. got so dreadful a passion in a discussion about their respective personal beauty, that they determined to fight. The distance was measured, weapons placed in hand, and the word ready to be given when one of the youngest stepped forth and said there was no use if either of them had any particular beauty to destroy it by popping at each other, and he was willing to allow that Mr. Macgregor had a more beautiful hand, as well as more graceful figure than himself; the other acknowledged his opponent to possess the finest complexion, and they both being satisfied with this explanation shook hands, drank a gin coctail, puffed a pipe, and returned to town. Dreadful fellows!

N. Y. Star.

Golden Bait!—On the eve of the General Election in Georgia, we find the following important annunciation in the *Jackson* Van Buren paper printed in Savannah:

"NEW GOLD COIN.—We are happy to learn that a supply of this precious article has been just received by the Bank of the State of Georgia."

This golden bait, "to catch gudgeons," was tried to some extent in Maryland.

A chance for men "swift of foot."—*John C. Stevens*, of this city, in order to make good an opinion publicly expressed that what in the way of pedestrian feats has been done in England could also be done here, and under the impression that 100 *miles* have actually been accomplished within the hour in England, makes the following proposition in the Courier and Enquirer this morning:

I will give $500 to the first, $300 to the second, and $200 to him who shall be the third in accomplishing the distance, (10 miles within the hour,) on the day selected for the trial. If but one should start, he shall be entitled to the whole $1,000, provided he does it within the hour. In order that those who wish the distance may have time to prepare for such a performance, I have selected the last three days of April next, on some one of which to make the trials.

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE:

TUESDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 21, 1834.

The election of Members to the next Con- ss took place yesterday in the States of , Pennsylvania, and New Jersey. From two latter States we shall receive returns few days. In New Jersey, now rep- ented entirely by Jacksonians, the Whig appears to entertain strong hopes of ess. Of a like success in the larger and portant State of Pennsylvania, some, believe, are bold enough to entertain es also. For ourselves we are not so san- ne. We fear that the causes which have en to the dominant party its ascendancy at extensive Commonwealth—causes h it is needless now to advert to—have so far ceased to operate, as to authorize es that it has as yet entirely thrown off fatuation. A judicious friend in the e region of the State expresses to us nion, in a recent letter, that "the nsylvania delegation in Congress will be the same as at present, though there will be changes in some of the districts." shall not be disappointed, therefore, if have obtained no more than our present rtion of the delegation—that is 12 or t of the 28 members. Should, howev- more fortunate issue have attended the s of the Whig party there, it will be ore welcome from its unexpectedness, the more auspicious for a speedy rescue e Government from its present deplo- misrule.—*Nat. Int.*

State Revenue.—As an evidence of the ptitude and punctuality of those en- ed with the collection of the Revenue of state, we state that every Sheriff has ed his public account at the Treasury ear within the time prescribed by law. ave also the pleasure of stating that the nt of Taxes collected fully meets the mations of the Treasury Department.
Raleigh Star.

Frigate Potomac.—It appears by the Bos- papers, that the destination of this ship en changed, and that she is now to ed to the Fejee Islands to chastise nhabitants, who have cruelly massa- a portion of the crews of several Amer- n vessels. The Fejee or Prince William ds, are a group of Islands in the South ic, and are said to be situated from a- 15 deg. 33m. to 19 deg. 51m. lat. to 175 deg. E. long. The natives are cious race, and cannibals.

This ship since her return from Sumatra, er the gallant Downes, has been in the dock at Charlestown Navy Yard, and oughly repaired. She goes out com- ded by Captain Nicholson, of Baltimore, is well known in our naval annals. She ne of the most effective, best appointed s of her class, and may be truly called perfection of naval art and science.

School for Teachers.—One of the greatest ob- s to be overcome in the Southern States, in ing into effect the *Common School System* so desired, and which is so generally established, hose beneficial effects have been so happily in the Eastern States, has been the want of etent Teachers for the purpose. Indeed we on reading a very interesting pamphlet, enti- "*Essays upon Popular Education*," by James rter, a gentleman eminently qualified to give rect opinion on the subject, that there is a want of proper qualifications experienced even gst the Teachers of the Common Schools of England. As a remedy for this evil, Mr. *Car-* ommends the establishment of a *School for ers*, very correctly observing, that it is not necessary that a Teacher should be learned, ght also to possess the art of plainly and ful- municating what he knows to others. To is, the instructor will have, in some measure, learn himself, so as to come down to the com- sion of his pupils; and he must study well fession of teaching and the philosophy of thful mind, before he can lay out and sub- ains work into an enlightened and energetic m of instruction.

be asked how the object of providing these ed Teachers can be attained, the answer is, by establishing an Institution expressly for rpose of preparing them, or by one or more present Colleges undertaking the work.— of them are propably not so fully occupied, ey might be able to make room for the ad- n of a class of young men to be expressly ed for *School Teachers*. This, says Mr. C. be called a new project. Let it be so called. ncestors ventured to do what the world had done before, when they established Free s. Let us do, what has never yet been *ey done*, by suitably *educating Schoolmasters*.
National Intelligencer.

Art of flying.—We hardly open a paper n does not contain an account of some oon ascension or some Balloon failure; n Paris, we see an attempt has just been e to navigate the air in a Vessel filled passengers. The experiment did not ed, but the papers say that its projectors so confident that the air may thus be ght into subjection, that they will forth- renew their effort. Some of the popu- n in our larger cities seem as much ex- on the subject of Ærostation as were ubjects of the merry Monarch Charles, g whose reign every body was engaged rning the *art of flying*. The famous op Wilkins was so confident of success hat he says—"I do not question, but the next age, it will be as usual to hear a n call for his *wings* when he is going a jour- as it is now to call for his boots." The or so prevailed among the *virtuosos* of reign, that they were actually making mes to go up to the moon together, and e more put to it in their thoughts how to et with accommodations by the way, than to get thither. It is related of the cele- ted Duchess of New Castle, that she ob- ed to Bishop *Wilkins*, the want of bait- places in the way to his new world. The op expressed his surprise that this ob- ion should be made by a lady, who had en all her life employed *in building Cas- in the air!*—*Raleigh Register.*

The Steamboat Cygnet was burnt to the ter's edge, at the wharf in Alexandria, C. on the night of the 7th inst. The ori- of the fire was accidental, and so rapid s the progress of the flames, that the hands eep on board at the time barely escaped fore the boat was on fire in every part.

Winter.—On Thursday last we had the first frost of the season, and yesterday morning, ice was formed for the first time.

A Sign.—At a Battalion Muster at Laurel Hill, Richmond County, on the 11th inst., a vote was taken in regard to the present Administration, when there appeared, 163 Anti-Jackson, 70 Jackson. We are informed, that a few months ago, there were not a dozen anti-Jackson men in the neighborhood. The battalion also gave a majority in favor of Internal Improvements.

Melancholy Casualty.—Under the obituary head will be found a notice of the sudden and melancholy death of Amos Richardson, Esq. of Bladen county, member elect to the Legislature, and a highly respectable gentleman, who had just commenced a career of honor and usefulness, when he met his untimely fate by the bursting of his gun. His loss is greatly deplored.

A Public Dinner was given to Mr. Leigh, on Thursday last, by the Whigs of Petersburg The Intelligencer says that hundreds of the most respectable citizens attended. Mr. Leigh, Gov. Tyler, and Mr. Archer delivered speeches on the occasion.

The Cholera, in a mild form, lately broke out at Old Point Comfort, among the U. S. troops. Out of 100 cases, there were only 8 deaths.

The Elections.—Within a week or two past, several most important elections have taken place. Besides Maryland and Connecticut, already reported, there are the States of Pennsylvania, South Carolina and Georgia, from which we have partial returns, and Ohio and New Jersey, which have voted, but from which we have as yet no returns. We have copied below from the Philadelphia papers, some account of the dreadful occurrences of the election night in that city. All peaceable citizens must be shocked at the outrages of that night, and feel that unless the spirit of lawless violence can be checked on such occasions, the elective franchise, the dearest privilege of freemen, will be, nay has been, wrested from its possessors, and vested in a furious mob. If violence can only be put down by force, let force be used. Let the military be called upon to aid the police, if that be too feeble to put down mob law.

In addition to our extracts, (by which it will appear that we have lost one member of Congress, (Watmough,) and gained one, (Morris,) and carried the city by a greatly increased majority,) we have seen a letter from a friend now in Philadelphia, who gives it as his opinion, and as the opinion of candid men of both parties, that there will be a gain of Whig members in the next Congress from that State. They now stand, we believe, 11 Whigs to 17 Jackson. He thinks that the majority will be reversed. We shall be agreeably disappointed if this prediction be verified; for we have not expected much from Pennsylvania. The State of N. York, which votes about a fortnight hence, we have reason to hope, will go for the cause of the country, against Jacksonism and Van Burenism. We trust also, that in our next we shall be able to give a good account of New Jersey and Ohio.

South Carolina.—The election for members of Congress and of the State Legislature took place last week. In the city of Charleston, it appears to have been contested with even more than usual warmth, but with the usual result—the State Rights party having elected their whole ticket by a majority of about 125. There is no doubt of the re-election of Mr. Pinckney to Congress, by a considerable majority over the Hon. Alfred Huger. In the Colleton District, Mr. Grayson is re-elected, and in the Columbia District, Mr. Hammond, both without opposition. Col. Manning, the only Union member of Congress from that State, has been re-elected in the Camden district, by a majority of 627 over Mr. Rees. The political complection of the Legislature will probably remain unchanged.

Georgia.—The returns are not complete, but enough is known to render it certain, that the entire Union Ticket for Congress has succeeded by a majority of from three to four thousand. In the Legislature there will be a majority on joint ballot of 70 or 80 Union men.

From the Inquirer, Wednesday Morning.

WHIG VICTORY IN PHILADELPHIA.

The general election took place throughout the State of Pennsylvania, yesterday. The WHIGS HAVE ACHIEVED A GLORIOUS VICTORY in the city—have elected their WHOLE ticket, by a majority of EIGHTEEN HUNDRED votes. When it is remembered that last year the Whig majority in the city was less than 200 votes, the value of the result may be correctly estimated.

SCENES OF THE NIGHT.

We regret to be compelled to state that scenes of the most alarming character occurred in Moyamensing last night, after the polls were closed. Several persons were shot —18, it is said, and we fear more than one life lost. A person who was on the ground states that he saw one fireman carried off apparently dead, and a number of other individuals borne from the ground severely injured. It is impossible for us at this time to give a correct account of the origin of the affray, so contradictory are the reports that have reached us.

Several houses were burnt to the ground, the furniture scattered throughout the streets and broken into fragments. At one time there could not have been less than 5000 persons in the immediate vicinity. The events we have thus hastily recorded, occurred immediately in front of Moyamensing Commissioners' Hall, the place where the election was held. We believe that the houses destroyed were inhabited, and the inmates were compelled to escape for their lives.

We forbear to add a word of comment. The subject must excite the most melancholy feelings in every patriotic bosom.

POSTSCRIPT.

HALF PAST THREE, A. M.—We have just left the scene of riot. Five three story brick buildings have been burned to the ground. There is about two thousand persons assembled together at this time. They are not engaged in any scenes of riot, but seem rather as excited spectators of the ruins before them.

CITY TICKET.—FOR CONGRESS.

Whig.		Jackson.	
Harper,	5514	Linnard,	3710
Ingersoll,	5789	Horn,	3672

POSTSCRIPT.

At nine o'clock, in Moyamensing, an attempt was made by the Jackson party to carry the WHIG HEAD QUARTERS, and LIBERTY POLE. They were unsuccessful. The Whigs then attacked the Jackson Head Quarters, and cut down the Hickory Pole. The Jacksonmen now became reinforced from other quarters of the county, renewed the attack upon the Whig Head Quarters, and with stones and clubs, beat in the windows. Fire arms were now produced, and we are sorry to state that eighteen have been wounded, and one killed.

A gentleman, just from the scene of rioting, informs us that he saw five or six wounded men lying in one apothecary's shop. The Whig head quarters, with five other new and handsome three story brick buildings, lately erected, were fired and completely destroyed! The hose of the fire companies was cut in many places, and several of the firemen seriously injured while attempting to work their engines. Many companies were compelled to return home, without throwing a drop of water on the fire.

The following return from Delaware county, was handed to the Captain of the steamboat at Chester:

FOR CONGRESS.

Whig.		Jackson.	
Darlington,	1321	Dick	1075

Returns complete. The Whigs in Delaware county have carried their whole ticket which they never did before. A postcript adds—"The same in Chester county."

BETTER AND BETTER.—A letter to the Editors from Greencastle, Franklin County, says—

"I hope the news from our State will be of the same nature as that of Maryland. So far as we have heard from, we shall outdo Maryland if other places do their duty. The following is the result of the Congress election:

	Chambers (Whig.)	Heck (Jackson.)
Greencastle,	263	152
Mercersburg,	265	71
Waynesburg, majority,	145	
Cambersburg, "	205	
Gettysburg, Adams county,	300	

From the foregoing results, Mr. CHAMBERS will, as I calculated last Spring when at Washington, have from 12 to 1500 majority in the district, and should it reach 2000 I shall not be surprised."

GLORIOUS VICTORY.

BUCKS COUNTY TRIUMPHANT.

Matthias Morris, Esq. has been elected to Congress from Bucks by a majority of *five hundred.*

First Congressional District.—The vote given in the First District in 1832, when the President, the Governor, and Sheriff were elected was 4732. Yesterday, the vote, according to the Sutherland inspectors, was 6127. It is well known that the population of the district has not increased. Whence, then, is this increase? It was given by the Inspectors, not by the people.—James Gowen has a clear majority of legal votes in the First district.
Philadelphia Intelligencer.

Outrage in Kensington.—The Jackson men in Kensington about 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon attacked the Whig Head Quarters, S. E. corner of Master and Front streets. The Whigs who were in at the time were dreadfully beaten. The wife of the landlord with a number of children were driven from the house, pelted with brickbats, and only saved from inevitable destruction by the intrepidity of several gentlemen. The house was then literally gutted; the furniture wholly destroyed and the money drawer rifled. The attack was altogether unprovoked and wanton. The Jackson men in this outrage wounded fifteen persons, two of whom it is supposed will die of their injuries.—*Ib.*

The Baltimore *Chronicle* of the 8th inst. says:—In honor of their triunph the Whigs of Baltimore yesterday fired a grand salute of one hundred guns from Fair mount, at 12 o'clock, and the same number of guns at the Park at half past 5 o'clock.

At a Baptist Campmeeting held last week at Dockery's Camp Ground, in Richmond Co. N. C. 39 persons were baptized, 37 of whom were whites.—*Cheraw Gazette.*

A letter to the Editors, from a gentleman in Stokes County, North Carolina, says, "The Whig cause is gaining ground in this section of country. The county has been deluged with Globes, and lately with extra Globes; but there are not three intelligent men in the county who now espouse the cause of the Administration."—*Nat. Int.*

We understand that John T. Sullivan, of Philadelphia, (who was nominated by the President during the last session of Congress as a Bank Director and rejected by the Senate) has been appointed by the President a Paymaster in the Army, in the place of William Piatt, deceased.—*Nat. Int.*

A naval court martial is to be held at the Charlestown (Mass.) Navy Yard on the 13th instant, on Lieut. Babbitt, on charges of insubordination and disobedience of orders preferred by Commodore Elliott. The Court will be composed of captains Crane, Downs, Creighton and Kearney, and masters commandant Sloat and Stevens.

We are sorry to learn that Mr. Joseph L. Hays, one of our most active and efficient police officers, died on Saturday in Philadelphia, from cholera.—*Cour. & Eng.*

Cholera.—We regret to learn from a letter received in this city on yesterday, that this dreadful malady broke out in the town of Washington in this State, on the 9th inst. and, on the 12th, the date of the letter, was raging with considerable violence. Some of the most respectable citizens had been attacked, one or two of whom were, in the short space of five or six hours, hurried into eternity. We await further particulars with painful anxiety.—*Ral. Star.*

Alarming accounts of the existence of Cholera, in our neighboring town, *Washington*, have reached us during the week; but from the contradictory reports of residents, as well as of travellers, we are inclined to hope that some aggravated cases of common cholera have been magnified into this modern pestilence by the fears of the timid. Various letters have been received from Washington, and we have seen several persons who left it or passed through it within a few days, yet from all these sources we are unable to state any thing definite. In so small a place, there can be no difficulty in obtaining correct information on such a subject, and the fact of its not having been obtained strengthens the hope that there is no just ground for the report.—*Newbern Spec.*

The North Star published at Whitehall says:

"The Collector at Champlain, (Gen. Thurber,) has been held to bail, in the sum of $60,000, by virtue of a writ issued against him at Washington. The charges set forth are, *converting the public property to his own use.*

A Court of Inquiry is to be held over one of the *faithful Office holders*, at Champlain, on divers charges, brought against him, viz: *Smuggling, aiding and assisting others* in the same crime, *conniving at frauds on the revenue, &c.*"

POSTSCRIPT.

The returns from Pennsylvania by this morning's mail are highly cheering. Out of 14 members of Congress elected, the Whigs have 7, and it is almost certain that another, (Whitesides,) is elected, beating a devoted Jackson man. At last election, the Whigs had 7 out of the 15. In the same districts, the Whigs have elected 3 Senators and 28 members of the House; and their opponents 1 Senator and 23 members.

Nothing certain from New Jersey, but the prospect good.

MARRIED,

On the 16th inst. by the Rev. John Warnock, Mr. WM. COOPER of Marlborough District, S. C. to MISS MARGARET GILLIS of Richmond County, N. C.

At Alexandria, D. C. on the 7th instant, the Hon. WILLIAM B. SHEPPERD, the Representative in Congress from the Edenton District in this State, to Miss CHARLOTTE CAZENOVE, daughter of A. C. Cazenove, Esq.

DIED,

In this county, on Saturday last, Mrs. LYDIA SALMON, wife of Mr. David D. Salmon, leaving a husband and several children to deplore their loss.

At Harmony Hall, Bladen County, on the 17th inst., Mr. AMOS RICHARDSON, aged 25 years, son of the Rev. Samuel N. Richardson.

Possessed of a cultivated mind, united to the mild and amiable qualities of the heart, and polished manners, he was endeared to all who knew him: his talents, which were above mediocrity, had only commenced to develope themselves in usefulness to society, and to his country, when the unwelcome messenger came. The death of such a young man is calculated to leave a lasting impression upon his relatives and friends, when they have the mournful privilege of surrounding his bed, administering comfort and witnessing the last expiring groan;—but of this satisfaction they were deprived—an additional pang was added. On the morning of the above day, the subject of this notice was in the full enjoyment of health, when the noise of the chase was heard near the dwelling—he, and a Brother went to head the game—in a few moments the report of a gun was heard, but the chase continued. The Brother returned alone, but no fears were excited, as the family supposed the deceased had gone to his store, two miles distant, till late in the evening, it was found that he had not been at the store, when search was made where the report of the gun was heard in the morning. The gun had bursted, and a part of the stock entered his forehead, and the last vital spark was extinguished without a pang. He has left an aged parent, brothers and sisters, and numerous friends to lament his untimely death.
Communicated.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

ARRIVED, Oct. 17, Steamer John Walker with boat Glasgow in tow, with sundry Goods for Henry Horn, Willkings & Co., John C. Latta, John M. Dobbin, Yarbrough & Ray, C. T. Haigh, Jos. W. Cochran, J. Kyle, Jno. Huske & Son, Duncan Smith, G. W. Ragland & Co., Samuel T. Hawley, T. J. Jordan, John Crow, Arch. Campbell, Hall & Myrover, Hall & Johnson, Jos. Baker, L. Brown, W. & J. Farmer, Wm. Lock & Co., Jones Fuller, Wm. S. Latta, Mm. McIntyre, O. P. Stark, C. P. Mallett, Sandford & Co., L. R. Bradley, G. B. Atkins, and the owner, of this place; and to F. J. & W. Leak, Jesse Henshaw, John Murphey, Murphey & Taylor, William Murphey, M. Pinkston, J. C. McLaurin, Brower & Troy, J. F. & C. Phifer, John H. Garner & Co., Ford & Garner, J. & R. Sloan, D. H. Cress, J. B. Troy, Sam. Hargrave, Andrew Lindsey, D. Lindsey, Farish & McNeill, Edwin M. Holt, J. W. Blackwood, Rufus Reid, Goodrich & Webb, T. J. Buchanan, R. & R. Faucett, N. Marsh & Co., E. W. Ogburn, J. M. & J. Allen, D. C. Lilly, Dyer & Wadsworth, M. Broom, and Wm. Kirkland & Son, of the interior. Also, towed up boats Henry Clay for Hall & Johnson, and Lucy for L. Brown.

Also, on the 18th, Steamer Henrietta and tow boat Post Boy, with Sugar, Coffee, Iron, Molasses, box and bale Goods, &c., for Nott & Starr, John McArn, C. T. Haigh, J. Huske & Son, O. P. Stark, T. Stanford & Co., E. J. Hale, T. J. Curtis, John C. Latta, Yarbrough & Ray, G. C. McNeill, J. W. Pearce, G. McNeill, Lewis Brown, Joseph Baker, J. M. Dobbin, Campbell & Prior, Arch. Campbell, David Shaw, N. & H. P. Peck, R. C. McMaster, and W. S. Poe, of this place; and B. Utley, F. M. Holt, Farish & McNeill, Evans, Horne & Co., A. & Kendall, S. Hargrave, R. & R. Fawcett, and D. McRae, of the interior.

DEPARTED, on the 17th, Henrietta Steam boat Company's boat Messenger, with Cotton, Seed and Flour, for C. T. Haigh, O. P. Stark, Yarbrough & Ray, W. S. Latta, and George McNeill.

Port of Wilmington.

Arrived up to October 15,

Brigs Calvin from New York, Stranger from Alexandria, Benjamin from do., Ann from Bath. Schooners Dime from Boston, Curlew from do., Medium from Philadelphia, Oscar from Salem, Ann Smith from New York, Repeater from do., Wave from Bahamia, Polly from Providence,

New Burying Ground.

THE Committee appointed by the Commissioners of the Town to inclose and lay off the piece of land, given by the late John Eccles, for the purpose of a Burying ground, give Notice, that a plan of the same has been prepared and is deposited at the office of Messrs. E. L. & W. Winslow, where it may be seen.

Persons desirous of procuring lots, will be attended to, on application being made to either of the Committee. By the terms of the devise, the ground is to be laid off and the lots disposed of in a particular way; that the intentions of Mr. Eccles may be carried out, the committee reserve to themselves, the direction of all enclosures, and the arrangement of the ornamental part of the ground.

When it is recollected that the money arising from the sale of the ground is to be invested and the interest arising to be applied to the purposes of educating poor children in the Town, it is hoped that the citizens generally will feel an interest in the matter.

EDW'D L. WINSLOW,
JOSHUA CARMON,
JOHN CAMPBELL. } Committee.

Fayetteville, Oct. 20, 1834. 7-4w.

A CARD.

THE Trustees of the Donaldson Academy and Manual Labour School, present their thanks to the Editors of the Star, Raleigh, N. C. for the present of their Paper. It shall be carefully filed and preserved. The Trustees would thankfully receive, for the use of the students, papers from any Editor, who may be disposed to encourage and advance the interests of the young gentlemen pursuing their studies at their school.

October 20, 1834. 7-tf.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the first Monday of November next, it being the 3d day of the month, the annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Cape Fear Yadkin & Pedee Rail Road Company, will be holden at the Town Hall in Fayetteville, for the purposes set forth in the act of incorporation.

A punctual attendance of the Stockholders is respectfully solicited.

JAMES SEAWELL, Pres't. &c.

October 20, 1834.

NOTICE.

I EVERETT R. BRADLEY, having, on the 15th instant, made and executed a Deed of Trust to the Subscriber, of his Stock of GOODS with other property, with sundry notes, for the benefit of his creditors, as therein specified, notice is hereby given, to those persons indebted to the said Leverett R. Bradley, to come forward and pay the same to

AMOS KIMBALL, Trustee.

October 20, 1834.

Further Notice.

THE above property, consisting of a large assortment of BOOTS and SHOES, Morocco and Binding SKINS, HATS, Writing, Letter and Wrapping PAPER, will be sold low for cash, previous to Wednesday, Nov. 5th. All remaining on hand on that day, will be sold at Auction, at the Subscriber's New Stand, one door West of John McArn's Store, on Hay Street. The Barouche and Harness (a prime article) will be sold as above unless disposed of at private sale.

AMOS KIMBALL, Trustee & Auct'r.

October 20. 7tf.

REMOVAL.

THE Subscriber has removed from Green street to Col. Hooper's New Brick Building, one door West of Mr. John McArn's, Hay street.

L. R. BRADLEY.

October 20, 1834. 7tf.

Notice.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have taken a stand on Green street, opposite the store of Messrs. J. Huske & Son, where they will carry on the Tailoring business, in all its various branches. Those who will please favour them with their custom may rest assured, that no pains will be spared on the part of the Subscribers to give general satisfaction, both as to despatch and neatness of style.

McPHERSON & MURPHEY.

October 20, 1834. 7 6w.

Leather and Shoe Store.

THE Subscriber, at the sign of the Boot, Person street, has just received and intends keeping a regular supply of Sole and Upper LEATHER, Skirting and Harness do., New York and Philadelphia Calf and Seal Skins, Cochineal, blue and black coach Trimmings, Lining, Bordering and Padding Skins, Boot Webb, Shoe Thread, Awl Blades, Sparables, Shoe Knives, &c. &c., all of which will be sold low for Cash.

S. T. HAWLEY.

October 21, 1834.

☞N. B. The manufacturing of Boots and Shoes carried on. Orders executed promptly with neatness and of the best materials. [7-3t.

For Sale,

A DESIRABLE Summer Residence, situated in a pleasant neighborhood, about 4 miles from town.

For Rent,

A LARGE and convenient WAREHOUSE in Campbellton. For terms, apply to

THOS. J. CURTIS, or
S. T. HAWLEY.

October 21, 1834. 7-3t.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

A JOURNEYMAN, one who is accustomed to working on BAROUCHES and JERSEY WAGONS. Employment for several months, at good wages, will be given, on application to

D. A. McEACHERN.

Cheraw, S. C. Oct. 16, 1834. 7 3w.

RALEIGH

Auction & Commission Store.

BELIEVING that there ought to be such an Establishment at the Seat of Government, the undersigned has come to the determination to try "the experiment," at his old Stand opposite the South-east corner of Capital Square—where he will be happy to receive "the deposites" of Country Produce of every description, (*the ardent excepted,*) Merchandize of all kinds, and every thing else which an Auctioneer or Commission Merchant may sell. He will also be glad of any other Agency within his ability; and all transactions, if desired, will be considered as strictly "confidential."

His charges will be moderate, and he hopes, by his diligence and prudence to please all who may give him business.

WILL. PECK, *Auctioneer, &c.*

☞A constant supply of Parker's highly approved Straw Cutters and Corn Shellers, on hand.

Raleigh, October 1834. 7-3t.

GALES'S

ALMANACK,

For 1835,

for sale by E. J. HALE.

FOR SALE,

A second hand GIG and HARNESS, which will be sold on reasonable terms, on application to

HENRY HORN.

October 20, 1834. 7-3w.

FAYETTEVILLE BOOK STORE.

AMONG the great variety of new Books recently received by the Subscriber, will be found,

Scott's, Henry's, Clarks, and D'Oyley and Man't's Commentaries.
Family Bibles, Quarto, from $2 25 to $8 50 each.
Do. 8 vo. from 75 to $3 50 each.
Do. 12 mo. from 50 to $1 50 each.
Pocket Bibles, from $1 to $3 each.
Beautiful editions of the poetical works of Shakespeare, Byron, Scott, Moore, Milton, Young, Gray, Beatty, Collins, Coleridge, Shelly, Keats, Burns, Cowper, Thompson, Goldsmith, Hemans, Heber, Pollock, &c. &c.
Aikin's British Poets.
Marshall's Life of Washington, beautiful edition.
Bancroft's do., Weems's do.
Histories of the United States, England, France, Rome, Greece, &c. &c.
Goldsmith's Animated Nature.
Buffon's Natural History.
Rollin, Josephus, Plutarch.
Burke's Works.
Rev. Robert Hall's Works.
Horne's Introduction.
Bunyan's Works, Baxter's do.
Don Quixote, Scottish Chiefs.
Pulpit Assistant, Butler's Analogy.
Shuckford's Connections.
Cruden's Concordance.
Junius, The Federalist.
Life of Jackson, Life of Clay.
Mosheim's Church History.
Buck's, Brown's, Watson's, and Alexander's Bible Dictionary.
Mason's, Hind's, New England, and Pocket Farriers.
Treasury of Knowledge, 2 vols.
Dick's Christian Philosopher, and other works.
Speeches of Phillips, Curran and Grattan.
Chalmer's Works.
A small selection of Medical and Law Books.
Book of Hearts.
Young Ladies' Own Book, Do. Sunday Book.
Young Man's do do.
Abbott's Works, viz. Young Christian; Corner Stone; Mother at Home; Mother's Friend; Fireside Piety; Child at Home.
Hymn Books, viz: Village, Assembly, Watts, Methodist, Zion Songster, Dossey's Choice, Mercer's Cluster, Parkinson's, Dover Selection, &c. &c.
Note Books, viz Missouri Harmony, Handel and Hayden, Smith and Little, American Psalmody, Zion's Harp, &c.
Comic Almanacs.
A great variety of English, Latin and Greek

SCHOOL BOOKS.

Elegant Pen and Pocket Knives.
Blank Books, of all descriptions.
Port Folios. Pocket Books and Wallets.
Pocket Maps, Mathematical Instruments.
Cap and Letter Paper, from 1 90 to 7 per Ream.
Beautiful Albums.

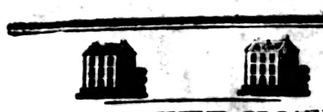
E. J. HALE.

Fayetteville, Oct. 20.

PRICES CURRENT.

Corrected every Tuesday Morning by a Committee.

MERCHANDIZE.	Quantity rated.	From D.	C.	To D.	C.
Beef, Fresh in Market,	lb.		4		5
Brandy, Cogniac, 4th prf	gallon	1	75	2	
Peach	do		50		60
Apple	do		40		50
Bacon -	lb		12½		
Beeswax -	do		18		
Bagging -	yard		25		30
Coffee, prime green	lb		15		
2d and 3d quality	do		12½		13½
Candles, Fayette Factory	do		16		
Cotton, new	100lbs	13		13	50
Corn, (new,)	bushel		60		65
Copperas -	100lbs	4			
Flax -	lb		15		18
Flaxseed, rough	bushel	1	50		
Flour, superfine	barrel	5	50		
Fine	do	5		5	25
Fish, Herrings	do	5	50	5	75
Mackerel, No. 3,	do	5			
Mullet,	do			4	25
Feathers	lb		35		
Gin, Holland	gallon	1	25	1	50
Country	do				50
Ginger	lb		10		12
Glass, American 8x10	50 feet	3			
10x12	do	3	50		
Hides, green	lb		4		
Ditto. dry	do		10		
Iron	100lb	4		4	75
Indigo, Bengal & Flotant	lb	1	50	1	75
Lime,	cask	2	75		
Lard	lb		11		12
Leather, Skirting	do		32		35
Sole	do		20		25
Bridle	side	2	50	3	00
Lead, Bar	lb		6½		7
Logwood	100lb	3			
Molasses	gallon		32		34
Nails, Cut, assorted	lb		6½		6½
Wrought	do		18		20
Shingles	1000	1	50	2	00
Oats	bushel		40		45
Oil, Currier's	barrel	16		18	
Linseed	gallon		90	1	00
Pork	barrel	14			
Plaster, Paris	do	6			
Powder, Dupont's	keg	6	50		
Paints, White Lead	do	3		3	25
Spanish Brown	do	2		2	50
Yellow Ochre	do	2	50	3	
Rum, Jamaica	gallon	1	40		
W. I.	do		70	71	
New England	do		45	50	
Rice	100lb	3	50	4	
Rags	lb		2½	4	
Shot	bag	2	25		
Sugar, Muscovado prime	100lb	10	50	11	
Common	do		8½	9½	
Loaf and Lump	lb		14½		17
Salt, Liverpool	bushel		60		
Turk's Island, &c.	do		60		
Salts, Epsom	lb		8		
Glauber	do		5		6
Steel, American	do		8		9
E. Blistered	do		16		20
German	do		14		15
Saltpetre	do		12		18
Tallow	do		9		10
Tea, Imp. & Gunpowder	do	1	25	1	50
Hyson	do		75	1	
Tobacco, Leaf	100lb	4		5	
Manufactured	do	5		12	
Tin, ½ x	box	11			
Wheat	bushel		90	1	
Whiskey	gallon		32		35
Wines, Madeira, L. P.	do	2	50	3	
Sicily Madeira	do	1	25	1	75
Teneriffe	do	1	50	2	
Malaga	do		50	60	
Wool,	lb		16		20

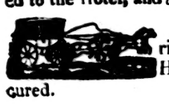


LAFAYETTE HOTEL.

Fayetteville, N. Carolina.

THE Subscriber has leased the New Building erected near the site of the old Lafayette Hotel, on Hay Street, and is now prepared to accommodate Boarders and Travellers. The House is commodious, well ventilated and admirably adapted to the purpose for which it is intended. The Parlors are large, well furnished, and calculated for private families. The Stables, spacious, and shall be well provided.

The Subscriber feels thankful to his friends and the public for the patronage he has already received, and will endeavor by care and attention to the comfort of his guests, to merit and enjoy a continuation of the same. Cold and warm Baths attached to the Hotel, and *always* in readiness.



All the Stages arrive at and depart from the Hotel, where seats are secured.

J. W COCHRAN.

June 1, 1833. 35tf.

JUST RECIEVED A CHOICE SELECTION OF

CONFECTIONARY,

Among which are the following articles, viz.

Peppermint Lozenges,	Cinnamon Candy,
Mint stick Candy	Red Nonpareils,
Lemon ditto,	Yellow do
Sugar ditto,	Green do
Bunch ditto,	Blue do
Lump ditto,	White do
Barley ditto,	Assorted Plumbs,
Red ditto,	White rock Candy,
Toys, assorted,	Hoar-hound do
Cornetto,	Prunes and Raisins,
Mint Drops,	Currants,
Rose do	Cordials, assorted,
Ginger do	Rose rock Candy,
Lemon do	Yellow do
Sugar Almonds,	Burnt Almonds,
Large Plumbs,	Carraways,
Small do	Cinnamon String,
Hoar-hound Cake,	Secrets do
Cream bread Candy,	&c. &c. &c.

Madeira, Sherry, and Malaga Wine, Lime Juice, warranted superior.

THOS. J. JORDAN.

Fayetteville, August 30. 48tf.

MOLASSES, COFFEE, &c.

Just received by John Walker Steam Boat,

79 Hhds. MOLASSES,
25 bags Cuba COFFEE,
25 to high scented Rio Coffee,
5 ds. Porto Rico Sugar,
For sale by
WILLKINGS & CO.

June 16, 1834. 89 *tf.*

Mother's Catechism.

JUST published, a new Edition of this valuable little Work, for sale by

E. J. HALE.

October 7, 1833

Commission & Forwarding Agency.

THE SUBSCRIBER having established himself in Wilmington for the purpose of transacting the above business, respectfully tenders his services to the public. Goods consigned to him will be forwarded with the utmost dispatch and all necessary particularity observed.—Particular attention will be paid to the sale of Tobacco, Flour, Lumber, Staves, &c. as well as the purchase of Goods He flatters himself that a knowledge of business, combined with unremitting attention, will secure him a share of public patronage.

WM. O JEFFREYS.

REFERENCES—O. P. Stark, Nott & Starr, C. T Haigh, John C. Latta, Jos Baker, Yarbrough & Ray, W. S. Latta, Henry Horn. *Fayetteville, N C* 96-tf.

☞The Raleigh Register, Western Carolinian, and Farmers' Reporter, will please insert this advertisement 6 weeks, and forward their accounts to this Office for collection.

CAUTION.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against trading for a Note given by the subscriber to Asa H. Coe, for the sum of Twenty Dollars, dated the 23d day of April last, and payable twelve months after date. As I have not received value for the said Note, I do not intend to pay it, unless compelled by law. JOS WOOD

Robeson County, N. C May 12, 1834.

For Sale or Rent,

THAT valuable FAMILY RESIDENCE, near the Cool Springs, formerly the Mansion House of E. Stedman, deceased.

The Subscriber having abandoned the idea of returning to Fayetteville to live, would sell or rent the above property. If sold, possession can be had immediately or at the end of the year, as may best suit the purchaser;—if rented, the 1st of September next.

RICH'D. F. YARBROUGH.

August 4, 1834. 96tf.

IMPORTANT

To Physicians, and Dealers in Medicines.

R. MAYNARD & CO.,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

Person-Street, opposite Wilkings & Co.,

ARE now receiving a large and general Assortment of DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, DYE STUFFS, and HATTERS' MATERIALS, &c. Their Stock is by far the largest that has ever been offered in this Market, and which they warrant to be genuine, and are determined to sell at the lowest possible terms. Physicians and Country Merchants are invited to call and examine their stock. Orders will be promptly attended to. Prescriptions from Physicians put up at the shortest notice.

Lazarus & Whitmarsh,

AT WILMINGTON, OFFER FOR SALE,

91 Hhds. New Orleans SUGAR, } *Now Landing,*
215 bbls. do. MOLASSES, }
360 bbls. PORK.—*ALSO,*
250 hhds. prime Trinidad de Cuba Molasses,
250 bags of Coffee,
200 sacks Liverpool Salt,
300 bushels Turks Island Salt,
50 kegs of Nails,
80 bbls. Whiskey.

April 4, 1834. 79tf.

FOR SALE,

25 Barrels prime PORK,
10 Barrels Tanner's Oil,
100 kegs White Lead in Oil,
6 Casks prime Rice.

J. HUSKE & SON.

May 6th, 1834. 83tf

Blank Warrants for sale here.

NEW GOODS.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has taken the store lately occupied by Mr. C. S. Bray, on the North side of Person street, a few doors east of the Market square, where he is now receiving, and intends keeping constantly on hand, a general assortment of the following articles:

Prime green Porto Rico COFFEE
Do do Rio or strong scented do.
Porto Rico, St. Croix and N. O. SUGAR
Swedes and English Iron
Liverpool and Alum Salt
Do. in sacks
German and blister Steel
New Orleans Molasses
Pepper, Spice and Ginger
Powder, Shot and Lead
Cut and wrought Nails
Castings, Axes, Spades and Shovels
Brass head Andirons and Shovels and Tongs
Single and double barrel Guns
Trace Chains, weeding Hoes and Halters
Steelyards, Curry Combs & Drawing Knives
Bellows, Anvils and Vises
Hand and sledge Hammers
Coffee, pepper and large iron Mills
Sole and upper Leather
Harness, skirting and bridle ditto
Frying Pans, cutting Knives & scythe Blades
Loaf and lump Sugar and Teas of every description
Window Glass 8x10, 10x12, Putty and Copperas
White Lead, dry and in oil, and red Lead
Verdigris in oil and dry, and Spanish Brown
Indigo, Saltpetre and Alum
Bale Rope and baleing Twine
Heavy hemp cotton Bagging, full 42 inch
Drugs and Medicines
Mill, cross cut, hand and compass Saws
Wagon Boxes, Glauber Salts and Madder

DRY GOODS, a general supply, Crockery, Hats, Shoes, and Cotton Cards.

Without further enumeration, his stock comprises a general assortment adapted to the country and town trade. All of which he is disposed to sell at the lowest prices for cash, or country produce, for which he will at all times pay the highest market price.

ELIJAH FULLER.

Oct. 15, 1833. 54tf

DR. THOS. J. JORDAN,

IS now opening at his Store, on Green Street, in addition to his former Stock, a large and extensive assortment of

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Hatters' Materials, Perfumery of all kinds,

Which he warrants to be genuine, and will sell at reduced prices for cash or approved credit.

August 26, 1833. 47tf.

GRAY'S INVALUABLE

OINTMENT,

FOR THE CURE OF

White Swellings, Scrofula and other Tumours, Sore Legs and Ulcers, Old and Fresh Wounds, Sprains and Bruises, Swellings and Inflammations, Scalds and Burns, Women's Sore Breasts, Scald Head, Rheumatic Pains, Chilblains, Tetters, Eruptions, Whitlows, Biles, and external diseases generally.

Price $1 per pot, or $9 per dozen.

For sale, wholesale and retail, by

E. J. HALE.

NOTICE.

AGREEABLE to an order of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, September Term, 1834, I shall proceed to sell for cash, at the Court House in Fayetteville, on Monday the 27th day of October next, at 12 o'clock, (noon) the following pieces of LAND, or so much thereof as will pay the Taxes due the Town of Fayetteville for 1833, and all incidental charges, viz:

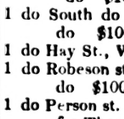
	Tax.
1 Lot Lower Fayetteville, Jno. G. Coster, value $100	0 50
1 do North side Hay St., do do do do $100	0 50
1 do South do do do do do do $100	0 50
1 do Hay St., Wm. M. Johnson, do $1000	$5 80
1 do Robeson st. and 2 polls, do do do $100	$2 50
1 do Person st. and 2 polls, Jno P. Leonard for Thos Smith, do $25	$2 13
1 do near Mrs. Hawley's, 1 poll, William Lumsden, do $50	$1 75
1 do Bow st., Daniel McNeill, do $50	0 25
1 do Hay st., A. L. Gomez, $400	$2 00
Unlisted, subject to double tax.	
1 Lot Old st formerly Bank Cape Fear and Jas. Seawell's, Miss M. Bingham's, $500	$2 50
1 do Mason Alley and 1 poll, Jno. Burklee, $50	$1 25
1 do Hay st., Jesse Birdsall, $200	$1 00
1 do Maiden Lane, Heirs of Council, $200	$1 00
1 do Hay st. John Ellis, Sen., $100	0 50
1 do Orange st., G. R. Ferguson, dec'd, $10	0 05
1 do Person st. and 1 poll, George Fletcher, $300	$2 50
1 do Mumford st, Betty Mallett, $300	$1 50
Owners of the following Lots are unknown.	
1 Lot Hillsborough st., joins Mrs. James, $100, supposed ½ acre 2 year's tax,	$1 00
1 do Rowan st., joins Jno. Patterson, $100	0 50
1 do Hogg st., formerly McColl's, $200, 2 year's tax,	$2 00
1 do do do do do do $100, 2 do do	$1 00

G. DEMING, *Collector.*

Fayetteville, Sept. 8, 1834. 1-ts.

Boot & Shoe Manufactory.

PELEG PEARCE,



Respectfully offers his thanks to his friends and former customers for the very liberal encouragement he has received the past year, and informs them that he still remains at his former Stand on Gillespie street, where he has on hand, a general assortment of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Which he will sell low for cash. He has just received from Philadelphia, a good supply of Leather of the best kind, which will enable him to execute all orders in the neatest and most durable manner, at short notice. All kinds of repairing done on reasonable terms.

Fayetteville, April 9. 27tf.

McDowell's Theology.

JUST received, a few copies of this scarce and valuable work, for sale by

E. J. HALE.

BOARDING HOUSE

AND

LIVERY STABLES.

THE Subscriber has made an addition to his establishment of a number of ROOMS, detached from his Boarding House, which he is in hopes will add to the comfort of those who may favor him with their custom. My STABLES are large and roomy, and are so constructed that each horse has his own apartment with a door to fasten.—There is a good well of water in the yard. I also have a large lot, calculated for droves, &c.

HIRAM BROCKETT.

I also have an ARABIAN HORSE for sale—imported direct from Arabia, by a House in this place. He is small, but well-formed and handsome—six years old.

H. B.

Wilmington, August 20, 1834. 1-tIJ.

$50 Reward.

RANAWAY from the Subscriber, a few days ago a Negro boy named PETER, about 23 years of age. He formerly belonged to Mrs. Stewart, of Robeson County, who sold him to Col. Daniel McQueen of whom I purchased him. He is well known about this town and in Robeson, about six feet high, of black complexion, and had small whiskers when he deserted. Any person apprehending said slave and lodging him in any jail, so that I get him, shall receive the above reward. Address me at Columbia, S. C.

CHRISTIAN LIGHTNER.

Fayetteville, May 22, 1834. 86-tf.

Children's Toy Books

OF every description, for sale at the Book Store of E. J. HALE.

August 12, 1834.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber has just received his Fall Supply of

GOODS,

Which he will sell at the lowest market price for Cash or produce.

JONES FULLER.

September 30, 1834. 4tf.

NEW GOODS.

THE Subscriber is now receiving a new supply of

DRY GOODS,

AMONG WHICH ARE THE FOLLOWING, VIZ:

Extra blue, black, invisible green, mulberry, brown and mixt Cloths;—a variety of Silks, Fancy Prints, Ginghams, Fancy Muslins, Shirtings, Sheetings, Hats, Shoes, &c.

JOHN McARN.

July 30, 1833. 43tf

Removal.

THE Subscriber has removed to the new brick Store, corner of Hay and Donaldson Streets, where he will receive in a few days, a large and extensive stock of SHOES, &c

AMOS KIMBALL.

October 1. 52tf.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

THE Subscribers are now opening their Spring supplies of FANCY and STAPLE

Dry Goods,

Together with a general and extensive assortment of

HARDWARE & CUTLERY,
Trace Chains and Weeding Hoes,
Patent, Corn, Grass, German and Bramble Scythe Blades,
Cotton and Wool Cards,
Ready made Saddlery, of all descriptions,
Cotton Yarns, &c &c.

With a great variety of other articles, which will be found to comprise a very extensive assortment of every article usually required for the Country Trade; which they offer at *WHOLESALE* exclusively, and to which they would invite the attention of dealers generally.

HALL & JOHNSON.

Fayetteville, April 21, 1834.

Mallett's Mill.

THE Subscriber having leased the above property for the ensuing season, and given it a thorough repair, is now ready for the reception of grain, and flatters himself, that through his experience in Milling, and the undivided attention he will bestow upon the business, those persons who may send their Wheat to him, will meet with satisfactory despatch.

H. B. SEDBERY.

July 7th, 1834. 94-tf.

REMOVAL.

THE Subscriber having purchased the entire stock of Goods of Mr. Patrick Dailey, has removed to the Store recently occupied by him, and offers for sale a general assortment of

DRY GOODS.

HARDWARE & CUTLERY,
HATS AND SHOES,
COTTON AND WOOL CARDS,
GROCERIES, &c. &c.

All of which he is determined to sell at the lowest possible prices for *CASH* or Country Produce. His friends and the public generally, are invited to call and examine for themselves.

JAMES GIBSON.

January 10, 1834. 68tf.

HALL & JOHNSON

OFFER FOR SALE,

50 Hhds. N. Orleans, } SUGARS.
12 ditto St. Croix, }
10 ditto Porto Rico, }
40 ditto Molasses, (good retailing,)
50 bags Rio Coffee,
20 tons Swedes, English, } IRON,
Hoop, Rod and Sheet }
20 hhds. Crockery, assorted,
14,000 bushels Liverpool Salt,
100 sides good soal Leather.

May 17, 1834. 89tf.

Taken Up,

AND committed to the Jail of Cumberland County, on the 23d inst., a negro man named VIRGIL, supposed to be about 26 or 27 years of age, about 6 feet high, very stout and black. He says he belongs to a Mr. Reed, who lives in Alabama, and has been runaway about two years. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, or he will be dealt with as the law directs.

FRED'K MOORE, Jailer.

Fayetteville, August 25, 1834. 99tf.

New Goods.

JEREMIAH KYLE

HAS just received from New York, a large and general assortment of

DRY GOODS.

HARDWARE, &c.,

All of which will be sold at the lowest CASH prices. Those wishing to purchase by wholesale or retail, will please call and examine the articles.

—ALSO—

ON HAND, at the Tan Yard, Upper Calf and Kid Skin, Harness and Skirting, Bridle Leather, &c., all of which will be sold low for Cash.

January 31, 1834. 70-tf.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

HAVING received the appointment of AUCTIONEER, would offer his services to the public. AMOS KIMBALL.

Fayetteville, April 8th, 1834.

GREAT BARGAINS.

THE Subscriber intending to devote his whole time to the Auction and Commission Business, will dispose of his Stock of

SHOES, HATS, &c.,

At low prices. Country Merchants will find great bargains by calling early.

AMOS KIMBALL.

Fayetteville, May 26, 1834. 86tf.

Rowlett's Interest Tables,

NEW Edition, just received. Also, his Time Tables, for sale by

E. J. HALE.

April 1. 78tf.

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers having gone to considerable expense this summer, in building Warehouses for the reception of Produce and Merchandize of every description, and we think perfectly safe from the risk of fire, would respectfully invite Planters and Country Merchants, who wish to store Cotton for a better market, to call on them. They will also forward all kinds of produce to N. York, Charleston, or any part of Europe, and will make liberal advances on Cotton left under their charge, in either cash or goods Strict attention will be paid to the interest of those who may entrust them with their property. We think it unnecessary to give any references as the senior partner has been doing business in Cheraw for a number of years.

A. & R. MAC KENZIE.

Front Street, Cheraw, S. C. Aug 18, 1834.

N. B.—We expect daily from New York and Charleston, a large stock of

Groceries,

Selected with great care and purchased before Goods advanced. The Goods will be sold on liberal terms for cash or produce.

The following comprise a part of their Stock:

45 HHDS SUGAR,
200 bags Coffee,
1000 lbs Loaf and Lump Sugar,
300 pieces Cotton Bagging,
200 coils Bale Rope,
1000 lbs. Seine Twine,
18 tons Swedes and English Iron,
1000 sacks Salt.

ALSO, Teas of every kind.

(98-Jan 1.) A. & R. McK

The Editors of the Salisbury Carolinian and Charlotte Journal are requested to insert the above advertisement six weeks and forward their bills to us at Cheraw.

BECKWITH'S ANTI-DYSPEPTIC

PILLS,

Invented by Dr. John Beckwith, an eminent Physician of Raleigh, N. C.

THE Subscriber having been appointed *Wholesale* and Retail Agent for the sale of BECKWITH'S ANTI-DYSPEPTIC PILLS, will furnish Country Merchants and others at a reduction proportionate to the quantity purchased.

The Anti-Dyspeptic Pills have been successfully employed in almost every variety of functional disorder of the Stomach, Bowels, Liver and Spleen; such as heart burn, acid eructations, nausea, head-ach, pain and distention of the Stomach and bowels, Colic, Jaundice, flatulence, habitual costiveness, loss of appetite, sick head-ach, &c.

"Amidst the multitude of articles already before the public, professedly adapted to the relief of one of the most common and harrassing classes of disease to which we are liable, viz: derangement of the digestive organs, it must be a matter of gratification to the afflicted, to find one medicine offered to them by a Southern Physician of known and established respectability, and who is willing to stake his reputation upon the *safety* and *efficacy* of the remedy thus issued by his authority. The article is the result of careful observation and extensive experience, and nothing of the kind, we are informed from various sources, has been received with greater favor or has more fully on trial justified all the claims it offers to pubiic confidence. Unlike most other Anti-Dyspectic and Anti-Bilious remedies, which are either drastic purgatives, or are dependent for their efficacy upon Mercurial preparations, the operation of this Vegetable Compound is at all times gentle but effectual; and being wholly devoid of Mercury may be taken under any circumstances with the greatest safety."

They are neatly put up in tin boxes, with an envelope containing directions for their use. Price 50 cents per box.

August 2, 1834. E. J. HALE.

Good Spring COUNTRY SEAT

FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber intends to remove, and wishes to sell his Place of Residence, situated 1 mile East of Salem, in Stokes County, North Carolina, on the road leading to Danville, Greensborough, Fayetteville and Lexington. The tract contains about 50 acres of well improved LAND; on it is a large two story frame BUILDING, a STORE HOUSE, good BARN and STABLES, with other OUTHOUSES, the whole in good repair.

The healthy situation, and a Spring of excellent Water, with the advantage of a good Stand for a Store and Tavern, render the possession valuable.

If I do not sell at Private Sale before the 27th day of October next, I will sell on that day to the highest bidder at Public Sale, and give reasonable indulgence.

The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

☞If I effect a private sale, I will give public notice thereof, to avoid disappointment.

DAVID BLUM.

Good Spring, Sept. 17, 1834. 4-4t.

Dutch Bolting Cloths.

THE Subscribers have just received a general assortment of BOLTING CLOTHS of the best manufacture and assorted from Nos: 4 to 12.

HALL & JOHNSON.

Fayetteville July 29, 1834. 94tf.

New Store

AND

NEW GOODS.

THE SUBSCRIBER respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has taken the Store recently occupied by E. B. Drake, Esq. in the Brick Row, South side Hay Street, foot of Hay Mount, 4 doors West of Messrs. Nott & Starr's corner, and directly opposite Messrs. Hall & Johnson, where he is now receiving and offers for sale at reduced prices, for *CASH* or *COUNTRY PRODUCE*—

1800 BUSHELS LIVERPOOL SALT,
300 sacks do do,
300 bushels Alum do,
8000 lbs. Rio Coffee, (prime strong scent,)
1500 lbs. prime green do,
10 Hhds. Porto Rico Sugar,
5 do St. Croix do, (a superior article,)
20 bbls. N. O. & Wh't Havana do,
12 tons Swedes & Eng. Iron, ass'rt.
German and Cast Steel,
American and English Blistered do,
40 kegs Nails, assorted,
15 do Dupont's FFF Powder,
300 lbs. Bar Lead,
500 do Cotton Yarn, from 5 to 12,
25 bags Shot, assorted,
25 pieces Cotton Bagging,
25 coils Bale Rope,
75 sides Sole Leather,
15 do Harness do,
5 bbls. Tanner's Oil, (Liver straits,)

Blacksmith's Bellows, Vices, Anvils and Hammers, Loaf and Lump Sugar, Hyson, Gunpowder and Imperial Tea, Pepper, Spice and Ginger, Best Flotant Indigo, Madder and Copperas, (very green,) White Lead in Oil, Putty and Window Glass 8 x 10 and 10 x 12,

Dry Goods,

HARDWARE & CUTLERY,

Sheet and Hoop Iron, Collins, King and Platt's Axes, Andirons, Sad Irons, Trace and Halter Chains, Wagon Boxes, Shovels and Spades, Cross, Cut and Hand Saws, together with all other articles which constitute a well assorted stock of Goods, suited to a general bartering business, in which he flatters himself that he will be able to give general satisfaction. He would therefore solicit all persons trading to this place to call and test the fact.

C. J. ORRELL.

N. B.—The Farmers' and Planters' large **ALMANAC** for the year 1835, nicely trimmed. C J. O.

Fayetteville, Sept. 23, 1834. §3-*tf*§

Notice.

ISHAM BLAKE, Jr. having made and executed a Deed of Trust to the Subscriber of his Stock of Goods, Furniture and other property, together with sundry Notes and accounts, for the benefit of his Creditors, as therein specified: Notice is hereby given to those persons indebted to the said Isham Blake, Jr. to come forward and pay the same to

EDW'D W. WILLKINGS, Trustee.

Sept. 1, 1834. 900-tf.

For Sale or Rent,

THAT comfortable DWELLING HOUSE and LOT, with every necessary out House, on the South corner of Mumford and Donaldson streets.

—ALSO—

1,000 ACRES of good LAND in the upper edge of Bladen County. Apply to NEAL BEARD.

Fayetteville, Sept. 16. (2 tf.)

Land for Sale.

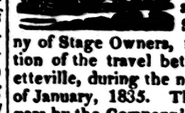
THE SUBSCRIBER is desirous of selling his PLANTATION situated on Anderson's Creek, about 1200 Acres of first rate piney woods LAND, which has on it a good Dwelling House, a good Mill Seat—and all other out houses necessary to a good plantation—first rate well water, and a good orchard. 600 Acres of good Land on Upper Little River, about 150 acres cleared, a pretty good Dwelling House and some out Houses. 130 Acres on the East side of Cape Fear, lying on Dry Creek in the neighborhood of little Ben Johnson.

ARCH'D CAMPBELL.

Sept. 22, 1834. (3-3m.)

To Stage Proprietors.

THE PRESIDENT & DIRECTORS OF THE *PETERSBURG RAIL ROAD COMPANY,*



Are desirous of entering into arrangements with an energetic and responsible Stage Proprietor or Company of Stage Owners, for the proper accommodation of the travel between Petersburg and Fayetteville, during the next four years, from the first of January, 1835. The transportation of passengers by the Company's Rail Road to the Roanoke is effected, including all stoppages, in about five hours; and the number of travellers which this Rail Road already commands, would justify the most extensive arrangements for the purpose.—A Stage Proprietor with good teams and but ordinary energy, may easily, in connection with the Rail Road, anticipate the great Southern Mail at Fayetteville, on the route proposed by the Post Office Department for the next contract at least twelve hours, and of course secure the *whole of the travel* between the South and North.

It is believed that no Stage route in the United States offers so good a field for the enterprize of one or more energetic individuals as the one above described. Any further information will be given on application to

WIRT ROBINSON,
Superintendent P. R. Road.

September 23, 1834. 4 5w.

State of North Carolina.

SAMPSON COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, August Term, 1834.

Allworth King and others to the Court petition for sale of Slaves of Michael King, dec'd.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Stephen King, Lemuel Bizzell and his wife Martha, heirs of the said Michael King, deceased, are not inhabitants of this State: It is therefore *Ordered*, that publication be made in the *Fayetteville Observer* for six weeks, for the said Stephen King, Lemuel Bizzell and his wife Martha, to appear at the next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the County of Sampson, at the Court House in Clinton, on the 3d Monday in November next, and plead, answer or demur to this petition, or the same will be taken pro confesso as to them and heard ex parte.

Witness, Thomas I Faison, Clerk of our said Court at Office, in Clinton, the 3d Monday of August, A. D. 1834, and 59th year of American Independence.

5-6w THOMAS I. FAISON, *Clerk.*

COFFEE.

11 Bags now landing, for sale by

AMOS KIMBALL.

September 30, 1834. 4tf.

Blanks

For sale at the Book Store of E. J. HALE.

MILL IRONS &c.

THE Subscriber manufactures, and will keep constantly on hand,

Mill Cranks and Mill Irons

Of all descriptions, warranted to be of good quality, and at a reasonable price Orders from the country will be punctually attended to.

All kinds of Black and White Smithing executed with despatch, at my shop on Person Street below Liberty Point.

ARCH'D McLAUCHLIN.

Fayetteville, April 1834.

New Spring and Summer GOODS.

THE Subscriber has just received and opening a general assortment of

British, French and American

GOODS,

Suitable for the approaching season, selected in New York by an experienced hand.

After acknowledging many obligations for past favours, I would suggest to my friends and customers, that I should be pleased that they would call and examine for themselves.

WILLIAM S. LATTA.

March 18. 78tf.

Furniture Ware Room.

JOHN W. BAKER has just received from New York, an assortment of gilt and mahogany

Framed Looking Glasses,

Of the latest and most fashionable patterns; a very general assortment of cane, rush, board bottomed curled maple and

FANCY CHAIRS,

A great variety of patterns; together with an assortment of home made

CABINET FURNITURE,

Consisting of mahogany and walnut Sideboard, Secretary and Book Cases, Dining Tables, Breakfast and Tea do., Centre and Card do. Bureau, Candle and Wash Stands, Ladies' Work Table, Spring-seat Sofas, Easy Chairs, Mattrasses, make to any, curled maple and plain Bedsteads; all of which will be sold on as good terms as can be obtained in the market.

December 30. 69tf.

DONALDSON ACADEMY,

And Manual Labour School

THE Trustees of this Academy held their semi-annual meeting on the 2d and 3d instant. Benjamin Robinson was elected President, Geo. McNeill, Treasurer, and Jas. H. Hooper, Secretary, for the ensuing year.

The School has been in operation for nine months. The first quarter numbered 55, the last 96 Scholars. This increase of Scholars shows plainer than words can do, the growing prosperity of the School. The income from tuition, &c., required the aid of $27 50 only, to defray the salaries of the Principal and two Assistants. It is therefore reduced to a certainty, even at the present low price of tuition, that when the Institution is provided with suitable buildings and apparatus, the School will sustain itself. But the Trustees are anxious to reduce still lower, the price of tuition, and this they will do so soon as the funds of the Institution will justify it. *Additional Instruments*, Globes, a Theodolite, &c., *will be furnished* the quarter; and arrangements are making, by which an apparatus for Philosophy, Chemistry, &c., will be procured as speedily as possible.

The Manual Labour Department promises well. The plan adopted by the Trustees to induce the Students to labour, has been attended with the happiest results: and as it is the determination of the Trustees to make this department profitable as well as honorable to the Students, as soon as tools, materials and shops can be procured, every Student will be required to sustain the noble spirit of independence, which already operates in a good degree on the pupils, inducing them to look upon the idle as a useless drone, and on those alone as worthy of applause and *imitation* who are determined to support themselves. The experiment has proved that a young man without means may, by his own industry, obtain an education at this School. The sum paid by the Trustees for work done by the Students, for the Institution, was $178 50: but this does not embrace the work done by the Students for themselves and others, nor the unfinished work in the shops. The Trustees desire no profit from the work of the Students, whatever is made by them is their own. The general deportment of the Students, so far as a large portion is regarded, *cannot be excelled* in the same number in any *institution; and the health* of the Academy will bear *comparison with that* in any school of the same size. The Trustees have purchased about 30 acres of Land, with house containing 20 rooms—3 work shops, 3 kitchens, smoke-houses, a spring-house, stables, and an enclosed gardens, for $3000. They are now erecting an Academy 54 x 30 feet, two stories, with two wings 36 by 28 feet each. This building, including the Cupola, &c. will cost near $5000; and will be completed by the first of November.

The Trustees feel themselves safe in declaring that they do not think a more *suitable Principal* than Mr. Colton could have been procured in the United States. And it is with confidence that they invite the attention and the examination of the public to the mode in which they have conducted and managed the concerns of this interesting Institution committed to their care It remains with a generous public to decide whether this School, promising, and already in its infancy effecting so much good to this section of our well loved State, shall be suffered to fail, or shall be carried on to that eminent usefulness to which its founders shall have finished their labours on earth. The School will resume its exercises on the first Wednesday in October next. *By the Board,*

B. ROBINSON, *Pres't.*

Fayetteville, Sept. 6, 1834 1tf.

Transylvania University

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

THE LECTURES in this institution will commence, as usual, on the *first Monday in November*, and terminate on the *first Saturday in March* The courses are:

Anatomy and Surgery, by Dr. Dudley.
Institutes of Medicine and Clinical Practice, by Dr. Caldwell.
Theory and Practice of Physic, by Dr. Cook.
Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children, by Dr. Richardson.
Materia Medica and Medical Botany, by Dr. Short.
Chemistry and Pharmacy, by Dr. Yandell.

During the entire term, the Professor of Anatomy and Surgery lectures nine times each week, and the other Professors daily, Sabbaths excepted. The fees to the entire course, with matriculation and the use of the Library, amount to $110.—The graduation fee is $20.

By order of the Faculty,

C. W. SHORT, M. D. *Dean.*

Lexington, (Ky.) August 1, 1834.

CHEAP PAPER

For sale at the Book Store of E. J. HALE.